# CRAINURONERS GUIDE 

October
Magazine
Number


## "Best Thing in the World For Delicate Girls"

Mrs. John Bennett, Boggy Creek, Man., writes:
"My little girl had organic nervous trouble, could not sleep, had severe headaches and fainting spells. This went on for three years, and three doctors helped her very little. After reading of what Dr. Chase s Nerve Food had done for others, I got some for her. She is now so well that she is like a different child. She is fourteen years old and looks the picture of health.
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$T$THE "life extension" idea for which this age is famous might well be employed in increasing the usefulness of musical instruments, for, like humans, they become run-down if regular care is neglected. Don't think for one moment that I am referring to the systemanut
dusting of the mahogany or walnut case of your piano-in most houses this is looked after pretty regularly. It is with the internal condition of musical with the internal condition of musical instruments that complexions.
than with their comple
People who buy a piano, organ, or gramophone usually look upon it as an investment (rightly too) and then proceed to neglect it sadly. Realizing that many owners do not know what attention should be paid to the interior of their musical instruments I sought the advice of the experts in a large music

## Ruined Through Neglect

The manager, a man with wide experience, said "tell your readers that than through use. In the first place, a piano is a stringed instrument and needs tuning at least twice a year in order to keep it from getting into a order town condition. The reason for this is that tremendous pressure is exerted is that tremendous pressure is exerted
by the strings-about 230 in all-often to the amount of 40,000 pounds. This to the amount of 40,000 pounds. This
may seem incredible but is a fact. A may scem incredible hut is a ract. A
piano cannot possibly be kept up to 'pitch' constantly, even if it is never
touched, for it becomes out of tune owing to the huge strain placed upon the strings. Tuning is not an extravagance but a necessity-violinists adjust the strings every time their instruments are used. A piano does not require such frequent attention, but needs tuning at least twice a year.
"When a piano has been neglected and allowed to get very low in pitch an expert cannot raise it even half a tone at one tuning, so it is certainly an economy to have him come regularly in order that this run-down condition may be
prevented. Many piano owners give prevented. Many piano owners give
masic firms a yearly contract to keep their instruments in good condition, and in so doing are lengthening its life and saving themselves expense.
"A tuner does more than tune the piano, or bring up the strings to the right pitch. He cleans the inside and inspects the 'action' for there are various parts and pieces of felt that need repairing or replacing as years go by. The quality replacing as years go by. The quaity
of the tone is affected by the condition of the tone is affected by the condition
of the felt on the hammers which beof the celt on the hammers which be-
come cut and worn after long use. come cut and worn after long use.
Leave it to the tuner to decide wlen Leave it to the tuner to de
these repairs should be done.

## Regular Attention Necessary

"Not only is regular attention necessary for the good of the instinment, but it is absolutely essential as far as students of music are concerned. Children and adults alike, cannot posChblaren and adults alike, cannot pos-
sibly acquire a true conception of the sibly acquire a true conception of the
various intervals in music if the piano various inters:
is out of tune.
$\because$ Besides regular tuning there are other points to be considered,", continued the expert. "Our climate is very hard on musical instruments, because we have moisture in summer and is as dryness in winter. A piano is as sensitive as a flowering plant to sion and contraction. It is not good for a piano to be kept in a room where water freezes at night, neither should it be placed near a stove, hotair register, radiator or open window. If it stands against an outside wall in winter, frost and its damp after-effects winter, frost and its damp after-effects
are bound to do harm, so the instruare bound to do harm, so the instru-
ment should be placed against an inner wall. In order to counteract the dryness of the atmosphere it is a good plan to place a jar of water on the floor of the case behind the lower door.
"The tone of a piano can be affected by photographs, vases, sea-shells, piano drapes or other decorations, because these things either deaden the sound or
produce janglin
piano is blame
piano is blame
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ing the piano close
to have it open.
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long distance to ad,
but if half a dozen
but if half a dozen
borhood clubbed to probably be no diffic expert.

## Care of Organs

authority on to anothe authority on organs board' down and the Organ is not being use "When these parts ar apt to be drawn into and to filter through
Even a small piece of a reed from functionin. a note does not sound fault of the reed whi moved with the hook the organ. The dust with a tooth-brush, b is broken When it cannot be obta broken reed and the on higher or an octave
sent to the manufacturer from whom the instrun chased. The cost of a chased
small.
"Sometimes a pedals
or the pedal spring brea
the expert. "In either
the expert. "In either cannot be made by any with organ construction important to keep moths organ because they des felt pads in the various of moth-balls or camph of the organ helps to intrusion. Mice, too, hation for this kind of insin should stand a few in wall. Traps or poison they have gained entram it needs no tuning, but ing at regular interval went on to cmphasize of temperature as alrea the manager.

[^0] years. The cost is trim


One of the most romantic figures that ever moved across the stage of events in Canada was Pauline Johnson, the Indian-maid poet. Her father was a chieftain of the famous Mohawk tribe, a direct descendant of one of the fifty families that composed the federation founded by Hiawatha, upwards of four hundred years ago. In that time the federation was known as the Brotherhood of Five Nations, but was later named the Iroquois by the French. Chief Johnson married Emily S. Howells, a lady of pure English stock, who came to Canada from Bristol, England. Pauline was the youngest of four children by that marriage, and was born on her father's estate, Chiefswood, on the Indian reserve, in the County of Brant, Ontario.
Pauline Johnson inherited the true Redman's love of wild, open spaces. She made long journeys into the unsettled parts of Canada. She was an ardent lover of nature and of adventure. She was an excellent canoeist and ran many strange rivers, crossed many lonely lakes and camped in the solitary places.
Her education was not extensive. She had a nursery governness for two years at home, spent three years in the Indian day school on the reserve, and two years in Central school, in the city of Brantford. At a very early age she evidenced a love of poetry, and even before she could write, composed many little jingles. Before she was 12 years of age she had read every line of Longfellow's, much of Byron, and such books as Addison's Spectator, Foster's Essay's and Owen Meredith.
Her first public appearance of importance was in Toronto, when the Young Liberal Club of that city, arranged an evening of Canadian literature, and had a number of authors and poets give selections from their own works. Pauline Johnson contributed a reading of her poem, entitled, A Cry From An Indian Wife. She received hearty applause, and on the following morning several


Upper-E. Pauline Johnson (Tekahionwake)
Upper-E. Pauline Johnson (Tekahionwake)
Lower-Monument erected over grave of Pauline Johnson, in Stanley Park,
Vancouver.
papers in Toronto commented on the merit of her work, and asked why this young writer was not on the public platform, and why a volume of her poems had not been published. Two weeks later the Indian poet gave another reading in the same eity. This time she gave, The Song My Paddle Sings, a poem she had especially written for the occasion. From that time forward, Pauline Johnson was greatly in demand for entertainments, and her fame grew as people became acquainted with her work. She made several trips to the British Isles, and was received with warm welcome by English authors, erities and artists. She gave many recitals in the drawing-rooms of diplomats and nobility. Upon her return she accepted an engagement with the American Chautauquas covering a period

During her life time she became well known to a large number of Canadians, as she crossed and recrossed Canada many times. She gave public entertainments in every town and city from Vancouver to Halifax.

An early collection of Miss Johnson's poems was published under the title, Canadian Born. A later collection, was published in a volume, entitled, Flint and Feather, which also contains a short biography. The title of this later volume was of the poct's own choosing.

Only a woman of great powers of endurance could have borne the hardships of travel in the pioneer sections of North-western Canada. Miss Johnson spent 16 years of travelling. She chose Vancouver as her home during the last few years of her life. The citizens of that city raised a trust fund in order to collect and publish her later works, among which there are a number of beautiful Indian legends.
After an illness lasting two years, Pauline Johnson died in Vancouver, on March 7, 1913. A cairn of rough stone marks the spot in Stanley Park, where her ashes were buried.

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## The Outlaw



By ${ }^{\Downarrow}$ Archie P. McKishnie

able asset to De Foe. He was part Airedale, part hound; a noted beartreer who had helped his master in pelt
Now with a throaty growl he sprang forward straight for the watcher. Up hears had been that they either took to their heels or to a tree immediately upon his snarling onslaught. But ai though he was a good bear dog, old in wisdom and in experience, on this something-and to his cost
As he darted forward, the bear lowered himself and without a sound sensed his peril, but his momentum could not be checked in time to save him from disaster. A less experienced dog would have been killed by the
terrific sweep of that armed paiw; as it was, the Airedale, managing manocuvre partly out of range, hide-ripped from neek to shoulder
The trapper had paused in sheer affairs. Never before had he seen black bear act so. It was unbelievable. A silver-tip, yes; but a common, ceivable.

With a cry, the man lowered his axe and ran forward. The dog had ignominiously departed, his yelps growing ever iously departed, his yelps growing ever
fainter through the thick firs of the fainter through the thick firs of the At sound of the trapper's voice, the bear twisted about. His mouth was
open, foaming saliva dripped from his open, foaming saliva dripped from his jaws; his little eyes glowed redly
The trapper caught the bole of a small tree and leaping up gripped an overhanging limb. As he swung him self astride it, he felt the wind from
one of those sweeping paws. "Sacre!" he shivered, "dat bear is one devil. By gar, what you t'ink of

The bear was walking slowly about the tree, head lowered and swaying, jaws opening and elosing. Coming to the axe, he gingerly smelt of it, then scooping it up,

Then with not so much as a backward glance at the man in the tree the
animal turned into the thicket and vanished from view It was De Foe, the trapper, who gave the black king of the vast forest range
the name of Outlaw. Outlaw he truly the name of Outla
was, in heritage and temperament,
with soul as brooding as the blue black shadows of
his 8 talk ing
ground, and cun ground, and cun
ning greater than that of any wild thing of his realm. And the Frenchman
swore that he would "get
him." He was an old hand at the game of hunting; he knew the ways of bears better than any trapper along the cedar valley. But in spite of this fact, there were times when De
Foe-during the three summers and Foe-during the three summers and
autumns which succeeded his first autumns which succeeded his first
encounter with the Outlaw-con
fessed to himself the probability of fessed to himself the probability of
failure. More, the Outlaw, shifty, failure. More, the Outlaw, shifty,
guileful, resourceful and vindictive had twice carried war straight into the enemy's camp.
The second occasion had hap pened in late summer. The trapper, returning from the post store,
whence he had gone for supplies and ammunition, had found the fat shoat-which he had intended fat shoat-which he has
to butcher as soon as to butcher as soon as
the weather stiffened to frost-gone. To De Foe's way of thinking this bold act was law's returning to finish
the Airedale, whose spirit he had com pletely broken that morning in the spruce valley; for the trapper had traded the bear-shy dog to a settler for the pig
That night the Frenchman pondered moodily, as he oiled his rifle, his black brows twisted in a dark scowl and the blue smoke issued from his compressed lips, in sharp puffs.
lips, in sharp puffs. loor and took the long valley-trail for Hodson's place, twenty miles through the forest. From the money he had received for his spring catch of pelis, De Foe counted out into the grimy hand of Hodson forty good dollars, in exchange for which he received a squat, bull-necked dog whose red eyes gleamed with sullen unfriendliness. This dog was of mongrel breed, an old and battle-marked bear-fighter, known the Battler
By Gar! 1 keel dat Outlaw now, I guess so,' De Foe laughed, as he - Hodson slomiget his

Hodson shrugged his big shoulders. He knew what De Foe would have known, had he paused to think, that the Battler intuitively guessed why he was being given a new master, and the dangers lie would run in doing that new master's bidding. So one word of caution Hodson sounded.

Treat this dog right, De Foe, and he'll die for you. Abuse him-and if he don't get you, I will. I'm lettin him go, because I've got to have money. I'll be buyin' him back come winter. I'll expect to find him in as good condition as he is now.
It was on Hodson's advice that the trapper led the dog away on a strong ironwood pole instead of the leather leash he had brought for the purpose. And it was well he did so, for twice during the trek back along the trail did the Battier strive to leap upon him. chained to a barrel kennel, striving to curse and kick him into submission. At the end of that time the Battler had settled to a form of sullen sub mission. Now he rarely snapped at the hand which cast meat to him, but always with that look in his eyes which sent a shudder through the man.
"Damn you, Battler!', De Foe would fume, ' 'when you have done what I pay fer you to do I get even wit' you. You die den, pretty queek, 1 guess.
was, you'll admit, consider ing the fact that De Foe knew dogs-

## IV.

The leaves on the trees in the hardwoods were turning golden and crimson with the nip of frost, the wintergreen berries glowed like drops of blood among the mosses, and the air was full of the powdered gold of Indian summer, when De Foe, with the Battler at heel, went down the tamarae gully, and struck for the higher timber
Only the day
y the day before some
lumbermen had seen the Outlaw grubbing on the Poplar Ridge and had sent the trapper word. And now De Foe was
going forth to square accounts with that gentleman. lieved he knew just about where just about where
he would find he would find
him. Bears love
Continued on Page 25

## THE DOUKHOBORS IN CANADA

$N$group of immigrants coming to Canada within the last half-century, aroused so much interest, curiosity and comment as did the Doukhobors. They differed so radically from the Anglo-Saxons in their community system of holding property, their vil lage and home social life, and their religious pilgrimages, that Canadians found them difficult to understand. And being different they were given much publicity, some of it desirable, some otherwise.
They are a people with an interesting history. They are members of a religious sect which had its origin in Russia, in 1740. The first colony of Doukhobors was established at Milky Waters, near the sea of Azof, in 1801. The name Doukhobor, meaning "spirit wrestler," was applied to them by the orthodox church, as they were considered to be people who were wrestling against the Holy Spirit. Like many another religious nickname, Quaker Shaker and Methodist, it stuck. They now use the name-The Universal Community of Christian Brotherhood company, they hold property and trans act business.

## Persecuted <br> Because of Beliefs <br> Beliefs

Maude, in his book, A Peculiar People, gives a description of what is ing their re ing their re ligious beliefs: of other men is true of themthey have not always lived up to their beliefs. Like other sects. their
have varied man, and from man, to from They are, for the most part. an illiterate
folk, who seldom put their thoughts on paper. They
cisions of recognized leaders, one of whom always came into authority as soon as his predecessor died. Through long years of persecution they learned to conceal their beliefs, and it is impossible to say with certainty and exactitude, what as a community they have believed at any given moment, though the main trend of their thought and matters of practice on which they differed from their neighbors are plainly discernible.
Since their seet was formed the Doukhobors have had six leaders, one of whom was a woman-a sister of the mother of Peter Verigin, who succeeded her husband. In Russia they were persecuted for attempting to convert others to their belief, and for try ing to evade military service. It is contrary to their religious teaching to take uparms or to take the life of animals for their own sustenance. Peter Verigin became their leader in 1889, and the following year he was banished without trial to Skenkoursh. During his banishment he issued orders to his people urging them to serve God, to divide their property so that none would be rich or poor, not to perform military service, and to cease from killing animals for food, and from the use of tobaceo and intoxicants.

There was a division among the followers after this announcement. Some burned their arms and were persecuted for the action. About 4,000 were seattered from their homes. Tolstoy, the famous novelist and social reformer, became their champion, and they had many sympathizers in England and in the United States.


In 1898, the Russian government consented to let the Doukhobors emigrate. In September of that year, two families accompanied by Prince Hilkoff, nephew of the Russian minister of railways, and Alymer Maude, arrived in Canada to look over the possibilities of settlement here. The Canadian government agreed to allow the Doukhobors to settle in a compact body, giving each male over 18 a quarter-section upon the usual payment of $\$ 10$. The payments in their case were to be extended over a period of three years, and they secured the privilege of performing their cultivation duties en bloc.
Conditions proved satisfactory, and the following year witnessed a movement of these people from Russia to Canada. Between January and June of the following year, over 7,000 Doukhobors arrived on Canadian soil. A few had some money, but many had had to leave Russia, leaving all of their prop-
barns, in which were housed the cattle and horses. The early houses were built of logs, which were well chinked and finished with a certain kind of mud plaster, which was sometimes left in its natural brown color, but more often neatly whitewashed. The roof was usually made of thatch, or turf. The windows were of small panes and fitted with heavy shutters. Several families with heavy shutters. Several families could not but be impressed with the general neatness and cleanliness of the houses and barns.
A few years ago, on a visit to one of these villages, the visitor would find them thickly populated. Today, the villages are much smaller, with fewer buildings, some having only one or two houses and a barn. Today, one will see many of the original houses, but one will also frequently see frame houses and barns, and in some cases buildings made from a good-looking red
his family. A record man's work On the munity Doukhobors are gardeners and grain farmers. The milking, but on account ligious objection tooun ligious objection they do not raise
Following out the ideck extensively their community self-contained, they produce, or make as far ned, they the things they need. days they grew flax, and the early spun linen. They sheared sheepomen their own yarn and wovesee, made woolen materials, from which they woolen materiais, from which they
made dresses and suits. Today made dresses and suits. Today, on
visiting a village, one sees still some of the home-made materinls some of the home-made materials in the clothing worn by the villagers. The women still make linen and do beautiful hand-drawn work and rugs. Many of these are made for sale few seem to be used i homes. The women folk
the independent Doukhof many of abandoned the head shawl have modern hat.

## Religious Pilgrimages

The Doukhobors received most notor iety for their religious pilgrimages In July, 1902, it was noted by gover ment officials and their Canadian neighbors, that there was : turbance among these peace-loving peo ple. A religious craze dev them, the result of the actrities of few fanatics. They turned their eattle and horses loose, claiming that they were giving them to the Lord. The cast off their garments, as they col
sidered it a sin to wear the skin ef sidered it a sin to wear the skin of any
animal that had to be killed in order to supply man's needs. They burned clothing, and in some instances build ings, and started out on a march eas ward to meet a Saviour and
evangelize the world. cemangelize the worid. It should biy of these pilgrimages only a small por tion of the Doukhobors

Peter Verigin's house, at Veregin, Sask., snapped by The
Guide camera, September, 1924.
brick, both these topped with modern shingle roofing. When the Doukhobor builds a frame house he seems to take a particular pride in painting it a vivid shade of blue. The frame house seldom fails to have a good veranda, which sometimes extends around three or four sides. The old houses had, in most cases, only one story, but the modern houses have two, with quite high ceilings. The rooms are very simply furnished and are spotlessly clean. Benches are used instead of chairs. In each community a special room is kept for Peter Verigin, for use on his official visits.

## Self-Contained Communities

All of the work, both out-of-doors and in the house, is done on a community plan. The women take turns in cooking, sewing and field work. A large portion of their time is spent in helping with work out-of-doors. All money earned or made by the sale of produce is put into a common find and each man receives his share. This is graduated according to the size of
ernment interfered.
children were forced homes, and 26 men months in the Regina ga 1904; August, 1905 ; May, 1907 , there were other
On New Year's Day, 1908 bor men marehed naked streets of Fort William. government loaded them returned them to Yorkton. been no further outbreaks ligious mania except for burning of buildings,
that has practicalyts Disputed
When the Doukhobors arrived Canada, homestead entry was made by their commit adult male in the party. claimed that either fictitious names had been used or that entry had beem made for males who had not attained the age of 18 years. Some Canadians used to our custom of fulfilling homestead duties, took exception to the Doukhobors living in communities being Continued on Page 19

## Which Shall Your Boy Join?



Tuxis boys training eye and muscle

0NE of the cheering things about the present day is the widespread interest in work among young people, for during the
last two decades the best minds of many countries have been centred upon making better citizens. While much has been done in Canada to steer youth into the right channels, there is
still a vast amount to be accomplished. still a vast amount to be accomplished,
before the majority of rural boys will before the majority of rural boys will
be linked up with the movement. Many parents and other leaders realize that their boys would benefit by playing and learning together, but are at duce the best results.
It is not my intention to recommend any one of the various organizations Which flourish in rural districts because all are doing valuable work. Moreover the selection must necessarily be
governed by local conditions. In some governed by local conditions. In some
communities C.S.E.T. work fills the bill, in others scouting is more suitable, in others Junior Grain Growers or the Junior U.F.A. flourish, while in still others boys' and girls' clubs meet with
greater success.
When making a decision of this kind, the interests and tendencies of the boys should be used as a guide. In a district where the united farmers or grain growers are well established, it is often grvisable to organize a junior section advisable to organize a junior section
because the young people are interested in many things discussed by their ellers and leadership is usually available. Junior sections provide wholesome amusement which brings to light whisuspected ability.

Fine Training for Boys
But they do not stop there. By conducting meetings in a business-like way, by taking part in debates and discussions, and by organizing literary evenings, the minds of the young people become enriched, their viewpoint widens, and they learn to express themselves with case. Sports programs arranged from time to time help to bands the boys physically, while to the love of music inherent in most boys. One enthusiastic leader summed "We the aims of the juniors as follows: that is in anxious to develop the best ess, refin youth-good manners, courttive refmement; to instil the co-operaideals of ideals of service; and to prepare them to take a share in doing the world's
tasks." $\underset{\text { Feeks }}{\text { For , junior sections, } \quad \text { 'University }}$ Treeks"' and short courses at agricultural colleges have been organized with excelresults. The delegates live in the

Different types of clubs for boys---Development of character and citizenship By MARGARET M. SPEECHLY
university, play group games, enjoy community singing, attend services, see good "movies," and observe the work of the institution. In some provinces the juniors hold sessions at the same time as the seniors.
The Canadian Standard Efficiency Training, called "C.S.E.T." for the sake of brevity, is another organization doing valuable work among rural boys. Its nucleus or starting point is the Sunday School Class, but its activities are not limited to Sunday afternoon by any means. Through the mid week meet
E.T. program develops the intellectual physical, so cial and relig. of the boys of the boys natures.
Members
Mremer from 12 to 14 years are called Trail $\mathrm{R} \mathrm{ang}_{\mathrm{n}} \mathrm{gers}$,
while
those who are 15 and over go by the name 0 of $T$
boys.
Perhaps the best way of Showing how velops boys is the experienc the experience of successful starting the work, " ${ }_{a}$ committee consisting of a number of boys and myself drew up a program based upon the Tuxis movement, suggesting an outline, varying it to suit local conditions. The boys supplied most of the program but we also asked outsiders for help. After the program was over, the boys always played games, not in a haphazard fashion, but in an orderly way
The value of the badge work is shown by the following statement. "In my group the earning of badges for definite achievement (such as 'Safety First,' 'Bible Heroes,' 'Home Crafts,' First, Abible ete.) has proved to be most
'First Aid


Upper-Livestock clubs develop hobbles Lower-Craven Grain Growers encourage young musicians.
-"The square conducted a church service, although they had never done such a thing before."-"Last year after we organized the work, I con ducted a weekly Bible Study of Old are studying 'men who dared."
Trail Ranger grand camps and Tuxis conclaves, consisting of a number of groups in adjoining districts are held periodically. The older Boy's Parliament was organized to give representa

Masters of the art of camping
fastors of the art of campligs
opportunity of learning how a government is carried on.
Another organization doing splendid work on the prairic is scouting, which includes Boy Scouts ranging from 12 to 18 years, and Wolf Cubs, between the ages of eight and 12 years. Some people have the mistaken idea that scouting is a military organization but nothing is further from the truth, Even bugle bands and drums are now being abolished, while scout masters are giving their instructions by means of signs instead of by word of mouth. The main idea of scouting is to train boys to be loyal, honorable, useful citizens, to be resourceful and ever on the alert. Not only has it met with great success where the boys are of the same nationality, but it is particularly valuable in districts made up of many races, adhering to several faiths. In this way it is playing a valuable part in making a unified Canada,

## The Gang as a Unit

Scouting takes the "gang" as a unit, forms it into a patrol, trains the leader of that gang and sets him to work to teach his five or six boys. Given responsibility, the lad that is "full of the old niek," turns out an enthusiastic leader of his pals, because of his burning desire to do something. Energy rightfully directed becomes a splendid force in the community, but allowed to run riot in undesirable company, it usually goes to the bad.
Badge work when properly organized and taught in the right atmosphere brings out a boy's natural talents, makes him resourceful and widens his interest. Signalling and first aid add greatly to the boy's resources, enabling him to communicate with others, and to him to communicate with others, and to
relieve suffering if the need should arise. Organized sport is encouraged by scout leaders, who dircel the games and enable the boys to get lots of fun out of them. "I make a point of play-
ing with the boys," one scoutmaster ing with the boys," one scoutmaster
told me. "Before we started the troop told me. "Before we started the troop there was nothing in the line of athleties for the boys, so besides having hockey. Later we organized a fine baseball team. In the winter I tanght the boys to box and wrestle in the right way, and they certainly love it. Some citizens who wanted to help donated boxing gloves, a local carpenter made a ladder for gym work, and by other means I secured punching bags and similar equipment." On hikes and at camps the boys put into practice many of the things they have been taught,


## One Flour for all Baking



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Quaker Flour is always of uniform quality. It is milled to a high standard, and tested hourly to maintain that standard. It is made entirely from the finest hard western wheat.
By actual daily tests in our own bake shop, Quaker Flour is proven the best for all baking purposes.

## Quaker Flour

## Always the Same-Always the Best

It is easy to bake home-made bread the Quaker way. Write for our tested recipes. They will be mailed to you without charge.
A product of The Quaker Mills, Saskatoon and Peterborough
 them at greatly reduced prices. All House Furnising, Departmental and these wonderiul bargains. Go to your dealer now-do not miss this opportunity and you will be surprised how little it takes to have really beautiful floors. No need now to postpone re-covering your floors after seeing these values. Dominion Linoleum Rugs are most attractive, so purchase now while these low prices last.
Dominion Linoleum Rugs come in many beautiful designs and in standard sizes. There is a design and color suitable for any room in the house. These rugs lie flat on the floor without fastening. You will welcome the saving in housework that Dominion Linoleum Rugs bring - no scrubbing or heavy sweeping. A light mopping is all that is required.
Everv Dominion Linoleum Rug is guaranteed in quality. Every one has that strong burlap back that means years and years of wear.

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## Dominion Linoleum by the Yard

For those who wish to cover the entire floor without crack or seam, Dominion For those who wish to cover the entire fioor without crack or seam, yominion Reduced prices now in effect

Atways turn over the edge Ahays burn over the edge
when brying and look for
the burlap back It's your the burlap back, It's your
gaarantee of long and guarantee orviong
satisfactory service.


Do not delay-take advantage of these wonderful bargains offered and make your rake advantage of these wonderfut bargains offered and
selection while your dealer's assortment is complete.

Everyday Economies

When housecleaning last spring found old vests very handy for covering brooms. I stitched them across the bot tom and when pulled
them to the handle
for brushing of
I never had enough bedspreads so in stead of buying a new one I made a
pretty spread from four bleached flow pretty spread from four bleached flour
bags that had no holes in them bags that had no holes in them. Over
the joins I sewed bands of light blue the joins I sewed bands of light blue
sateen (color set beforehand) two inches sateen (color set beforehand) two inches
wide. A round the edges I did the same Then I cut circles of the blue material and made green leaves from chambray and appliqued a pattern of four, two inch circles and three leaves in the cen tre of each flour bag. This matches the blue hangings in my room. I made a second one from two and a half yard \$1.10. Around this I put a three-inch border in rose shades,
I appliqued a large desimn the centr green sateen and use it in the rose and rose hangings and comforter. These spreads are easily washed but of course must be ironed. However, they are
much cheaper than the ready-made rocheted coverlets.-N. J.

A toy garden hoe belonging to my young son is equally useful to his mother. I use it for drawing out pie many a nasty burn on my arms.-Mrs. T. P. H.

I take a number of magazines and it order to keep track of articles that wil be needed as references, I write their
titles on the outside. Thus it is easy to titles on the outside. Thus it is casy material is when I have to write paper.-Miss N. R.

Old patterns are handy for severa hings. In housecleaning time they ari splendid for polishing mir-
rors and windows; when
short of toilet paper they
come in handy; when 1 bor
daughter's clothes I select an old-fashioned
pattern and lay
the borrowed pat-
tern on the large
pieces. This ?
prech more satisfactor:
much
newspapers.-Mrs. T. M.
A nice collar and cuff set
for your new dress from th
linen handkerchiefs with
inen handkerchiefs with bottithel borders. Fold one hankie into four and ut a circle from the centre to fit neck-line of the dress. Place it so tha a point is on each shoulder other hankie in four, cutting it frot corner to corner, with the fwo hetm stitched edges intact. Do not make the mistake of cutting from the wrong cor ners and dividing the hemstitched edges into two. Place two points on arch sleeve lapping one over the othe each sleeve N. J.

When travelling I always use gauze or cheesecloth as a wash choth wash spread it around the edge basin. By the time I am ready to leave the dressing-room it is almost iry. The is a much better scheme thatn the rev lation heavy wash-cloths Whicl alsays become musty in a rubber bag. fold my blouses in half by pur lay the sleeve inside the other. The blouse and leeve across the body of over this. A fold up the lower part blouses com the end of a journey --C. M. M. out without a wrinkle.

I use adhesive tape for mending my children's dollies and toys and find it is excellent.-Lamona.

My oven baked quickly and burned My oven bakedom so I took a piect asily, on roofing and cut it to fil the base of the oven. When the heal is becoming too intense I slip it in on the bottom and it surely regulates the oven temperature.-Mrs. B. M. W.

# The $\mathfrak{G r a i n} \mathfrak{G r o m e r s} \mathfrak{G u i d e}$ 

Winnipeg, Wednesday, October 8, 1924

## Raising the Tariff

A treaty of reciprocity has been arranged between Canada and Australia, and has been accepted by the Australian parliament. Aceording to a statement issued jointly by the Department of Trade and Commerce and the Department of Finance, at Ottawa, by the treaty Australia extends her British preferential tariff rates to certain manufacprefered goods of Canada and fish, and her intured dediate tariff to other manufactured
ter goods. Canada, in return, gives certain Australian goods the benefit of the British preferential tariff and the French treaty preferece to Australian wines, brandy and
rates champagnes.
On the face it looks an innocent enough arrangement, but unfortunately, the statement issued on behalf of the government does not tell all that should be known about this treaty. What it does not say is of considerably more importance to the country, and to the farmers particularly, than what it does say. It does not say a word about raisins, and yet the most valuable concession made by Canada is in connection with raisins, and it was finely engineered by Hon. W. S. Fielding.
Last year Mr. Fielding put through the House of Commons with the budget changes an amendment to the tariff act providing for a heavy increase of the general tariff on raisins, but the increase was not to come into force except by order-in-council, that form of government which was so vigorously condemned by Mr. King when in opposition. The present tariff on raisins and dried currants is: British preferential tarifit $\frac{1}{2}$ ent a pound ; intermediate and general tariff $2 / 3$ cent a pound. The change made by Mr. Fielding was: British prefer ential tariff, free; intermediate and general tariff 3 cents a pound. Mr. Fielding explained that this change was being made to provide for a trade treaty with Australia, and that without this special concession in raisins it would not be possible to arrange a trade treaty with the sister dominion.
Presumally it is the intention of the government to bring this change in the tariff into force by order-in-council, so that this treaty means a very substantial increase in the cost of raisins. For the fiscal year ended Nareh 31, 1924, we imported $38,792.000$ pounds of raisins, of which $35,690,194$ pounds came from the United States, and 29,502 pounds from Australia. The other omportations came principally from Spain, Turkey, Greece and the United Kingdom. and the smallest was from Greece, who sold us 96,251 pounds. Nearly all of this importation paid duty of $2 / 3$ cent a pound. It is now proposed to allow the importation from Australia to come in free of duty while all other importations, with the usual exception of those from Great Britain, are to pay a duty of 3 cents a pound, an increase in the duty of 350 per cent.
On the importations of the last fiseal year this means an increase of taxation of nearly $\$ 900,000$, and as it undoubtedly means an increase in the price of raisins of at least the amount of the general tariff, three cents a pound, it will add over a quarter-of-a million dollars to the cost of living of the
farmers in Thats in the three prairie provinces alone. That the price will go up at least the amount of the duty is obvious from the fact that the duty was placed at three cents to enable the Australians to come into the Canadian market. As things are we are placing a tax parts of parts of the world, in order that 30.000
pounds produced in Australia may be sold in Canada.
It may be said that with this preference the Australians will capture the Canadian market, and the price will then come down. and the trade will be kept in the family, so to speak. The truth is that if the whole production of raisins in Australia was shipped to Canada, leaving not a raisin for home consumption, it would fall short of the amount consumed in Canada by nearly $10,000,000$ pounds. Australia simply eannot begin to supply the demand in this country, consequently, any increase in the duty will most certainly raise the price
Premier King states that the tariff policy of his government is to reduce the cost of living. This change means raising the cost of living, and almost wiping out the benefits of the reduction effected by the last budget. Mr. King is now in the West, and while here we invite him to tell the farmers if it is the intention of the government to pass this order-in-council, and if so, just what benefit he expects the farmers will receive from this particular tariff change.

## Liverpool Wheat Prices

The leaders of the Farmers' Union have uncovered a deep-laid plot. They find that the leaders of the farmers' associations, and the farmers' companies, and The Guide, have been engaged in a conspiracy of silence to prevent the farmers from knowing how much they are losing in the profits made in exporting wheat to Liverpool. But the eagle eye of the Farmers' Union leaders has discovered 38 cents a bushel profit "separated" from the farmers by the exporters. and they are now busily engaged in broad casting this story to their members. The thrilling story is all told by the Farmers Union in the September 18 issue of The Western Producer. In referring to The Guide's Liverpool market report, the Farmers' Union says:

The Guide report is not worth the paper report demanded by farmers is a weekly statement of the present spread between Winnipeg and Liverpool, and should include the full itemized cost of all handling and transportation charges between the two points. Thus producers would be able to keep tab on export profits by comparing prices received at Fort William with Liverpool prices, five or six weeks later, when their grain reached that market. . . . We venture the assertion that in no manner can The Guide be induced to adopt our suggested plan.
The Guide has published weekly the closing prices of the Liverpool "future" market in dollars and cents per bushel. This is the only useful Liverpool market report available, and it is really useful. We are quite prepared to admit, however, that it would be valuable to take the Winnipeg cash price for wheat, check up all the charges on that actual wheat until it reaches storage and becomes "spot" on the Liverpool market. so as to know just exactly how much profit the exporter made on that shipment. We frankly admit, however, that we cannot prepare such a statement. The wheat sold on the Winnipeg market today, may reach Liverpool in five weeks, and it may reach Liverpool in 15 weeks. The Winnipeg and the Liverpool markets fluctuate every hour, and no accurate average price can be made Ocean freights, lake freights and exchange. fluctuate hourly, and other charges also vary, and wheat goes by several different routes. For this reason we have found it impossible to prepare any statement that
will show with any reasonable degree of accuracy the profits made by exporters.
But while we cannot prepare such a statement as the Farmers' Union leaders ask for we admit that we are not infallible. The Farmers' Union leaders admit that they know all about this subject, consequently, we make this proposal: If the Farmers Union experts will prepare a weekly report showing accurately the Winnipeg-Liverpool prices, with all the costs in between, itemized on the actual wheat from the time it leaves Fort William until the time it reaches Liverpool, so as to disclose the export profits, and have their statement verified by the managers of the Wheat Pool, or any other competent authority, we shall be glad to publish it in The Guide, and the Farmers Union leaders will earn the credit for having prepared such a report. We shall ex pect the Farmers' Union leaders to send us this report on the Winnipeg-Liverpool mar ket in the course of the next week or so.

The Farmers' Union leaders are making great use of a political report prepared by Henry C. Wallace, to assist President Cool idge in raising the duty on Canadian wheat This report does not show, nor claim to show, the profits in exporting Canadian wheat, nor can it be used to form any accurate idea of export profits. Even Mr Wallace himself would not suggest that his figures indicate the profits made by export ers. To prove this we would ask the Farmers' Union leaders to write to Mr. Wallace and ask him this question

In your report to President Coolidge on the wheat situation, ean the figures in Table 37 be taken as a proper basis for computing with any degree of accuracy, the profits made in exporting Canadian wheat? If so, please explain how.
We shall be pleased to publish Mr. Wal lace's reply. Furthermore, we would direct the attention of the leaders of the Farmers Union to the report of the Royal Grain Mar kets Commission of Saskatchewan, in 1914 The commissioners were Hon. George Lang ley, J. H. Haslam and C. A. Dunning, now premier of Saskatchewan. In Section 14 of that report, page 74, at the conclusion of their investigation on the exporting of Cana dian wheat, they reach the following con viction

No doubt some bold and fortunate speeu lative exporters, and some large operators having the best of financial and shipping connections and favorable contracts for lake and ocean space, make very good profits. but the Commission has no evidence to indi eate that the usual margin on which the ex portation of wheat is conducted exceeds from one-half to one cent per bushel.
Presumably these commissioners were also in the plot which the Farmers' Union leaders have discovered. Then, again at the risk of incurring the ridicule of the lead ers of the Farmers' Union, we again mention the fact that the United Grain Growers L.td. and the Saskatchewan Co-operative Eleva tor Company, have both been engaged in the wheat exporting business for some years. They have endeavored to get every last cent of profit for the benefit of their shareholders, and they have not been able to find even a fraction of the 38 cents which the Farmers' Union leaders have discovered, neither has the Alberta Wheat Pool in one year's operations, been able to find this huge sum.

The British wheat buyer, the keenest and shrewdest in the world, has before him every hour by cable the quotations from the principal wheat-producing countries, including Canada, United States, Argentine, India and Australia, and (at times) Russia. He knows as much about the wheat market as does
the Winnipeg exporter. To suggest that any exporter on this side of the water could gouge an extra 38 cents a bushel out of the British buyer, is sheer nonsense.

We admit without argument, that the wheat exporter in Winnipeg is going to make every possible cent that he can. If he could make 38 cents per bushel he would do it, but the fact is that he cannot make any large profits per bushel. The competition is too keen. In fact, a large number of exporters have gone broke in the last two or three years, and many even of the largest ones have sustained staggering losses.

The Farmers' Union says The Guide "'seems to regard the two farmers' marketing companies as part of the farmers' cause." For once the Union is correct. The United Grain Growers Limited and the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company were brought into existence by the farmers to correct outstanding evils in the grain trade. In the past 18 years the very presence of these farmers' companies has worked a veritable revolution in the grain trade. As a result Western Canadian wheat has been handled at a lower cost than any other wheat in the world. Furthermore, these companies have given financial assistance to the associations in the three provinces, to the Council of Agriculture, and have financially assisted in the organization of all three wheat pools. Without these farmers' companies the great benefits which have come from organized farmers' efforts in a very great measure could not have been secured.
The wheat pooling movement is yet in the experimental stage. No responsible person will claim that it has reached perfection. If eapably managed and loyally supported by the farmers, the wheat pools will find economies in the marketing of wheat. But for Farmers' Union leaders to hold out an expectation of 38 cents a bushel extra profits from the wheat pool is simply doing damage
to the pool. To travel around the country kicking the farmers' companies and the farmers' associations is the cheapest kind of agitation. The leaders of the Farmers' Union are not the only honest and sincere men in the farmers' movement. It will require the best efforts of every agency to put agriculture on to its feet. No one individual nor any one organization can do it alone. It will require the best efforts of all. If the Farmers' Union leaders will realize this fact they will accomplish something useful, otherwise their agitation will be merely another wasted effort among those for which the farmers have paid heavily.

## British Political Crisis

Britain's Labor government is facing a real fight, or rather two of them, either of which may lead to a general election. The solicitor-general, who ordered the dropping of a prosecution for sedition of a Communist editor, has failed to give an explanation of his action which is satisfactory to the Conservatives, and a section of the Liberals will support a Conservative motion of censure of the minister. What the government will do in this case remains to be seen; Premier MacDonald has put aside a few political conventions and it would not be surprising if he added another to the list in this case.

The Anglo-Russian treaty is a different matter. Mr. MacDonald has stated very definitely, that the government will stand or fall by the treaty and its Russian policy. The Conservatives are united against the treaty, but the Liberals are divided. It must be admitted that the opposition of the Liberals is hard to understand, and it seems almost suicidal for them to force an election on this issue. Reconciliation with Russia has been regarded as one of the necessary conditions of the restoration of British trade, and this treaty represents the first step that has been taken in that direction. It has the support of the majority of Russian bond-
holders, who realize that they are never likely to get anything out of their pre-war Russian investments except by arrange. ment with the Russian governinent. The peculiar character of the Russian government and the economic system of the coumtry, introduce strange factors into treaty and other relations, but the world will have to get used to them, unless the Soviet system disappears by will of the people under it.

The Labor government will have a strong ease if it is forced to the country on the Russian treaty, for the British workers are sick and tired of the uncertainty and the misery in the present conditions. The treaty opens up the prospect of active commercial relations between the two countries and a demand for British manufactures, with a consequent diminution of unemployment, to say nothing of the promotion of international amity. There are many prominent Liberals who see this as well, and it may well be that the government will receive enough Liberal support to give them a majority in the House.
"In Canada, under Mr. King,", says the Ottawa Journal, " 2,372 Canadian industries have closed their doors." There is a friendly rivalry between the Ottawa Journal and Mr. Meighen, to see which of them can stretch the facts the furthest. The Ottawa Journal, so far, is in the lead.

A lively but strictly private scrap is going on within the Conservative party. The Montreal Gazette and Star are demanding a new leader; the Winnipeg Tribune wants a national convention and a new policy ; Hon. "Bob" Rogers, who, according to the Ottawa Journal doesn't know he is politically dead, wants a better organization. Except for the leader, the policy and the organization, the Conservative party, as the loyal members claim, is all right.


IERNussenholt-2.4-

## Why not the table of her dreams?

Janet had looked forward with delight to entertaining her friends and Henry's in this new home. In her mind's eye the gateleg table was set for four or at most six. Always it was resplendent in her wedding silver-the six knives, the six forks. the six spoons and the serving pieces. But here, right at the start, was a party that called for more than "six of each." Somehow this was not the table of her dreams. Those extra places, so sparsely and oddly set, banished the dream. She must get more silverware!


## Have you silverware enough

## to set the table as you desire?

DERHAPS you, too, are often 1 surprised to find that your wedding silverware, once so adequate, now falls short of your entertaining requirements.

Yet the sensible thing is to let your silver service grow with the social responsibilities of the home. This you can do conveniently and at very small expense. In 1847 Rogers Bros. Silverplate you will find all the kinds of pieces that you lack-salad forks, ice cream forks, soup spoons or serving pieces. Each beautiful in design and surprisingly reasonable in price. Each has
the durability which has made " 1847 Rogers Bros." famous for more than three-quarters of a century.

And remember the " 1847 Rogers Bros." makes the ideal Christmas gift.

Leading dealers throughout the Dominion carry this finest silverplate.

May we send you a copy of our booklet, "Etiquette, Entertaining and Good Sense," with authoritative table settings made in the Good Housekeeping Studio of Furnishings and Decorations? You will find it full of suggestions for successful entertaining. Write for it to-day. Meriden Britannia Co.. Limited. Hamilton, Ont.



Results in 20
Days Or Your Money Back
When you feel broken in health and
and are sick and tired of taking medicines and are sick and tired of taking medicines
that do no good，then－take Nuga－Tone，
the medicine that rouses the sluggish
forces，stimulates the Bodily Functions the medicine that rouses the sluggish
forces，stimulates the Bodily Functions
and helps the system do its work Just and helps the system do its
as Nature intended it should．
Nuga－Tone invigorates th
Nuga－Tone invigorates the bowels
so that they move naturally，stimulates so that they move naturally，stimulates
the blood－circulation，strengtheas the stomach，gives good appetite and aids gasestion．It overcomes bloating and
gatomach or bowels，sweetens the breath，removes the coating from the tongue，relieves headache，and a sal－ tion or faulty Elimination．Nuga－Tone is one of the finest medicines for giving you nore energy，strength，courage and am． bition．Take it for a few days，then note the change－you wifl be more cheer
and feel that life is worth living．

Nuga－Tone contains a special form of IRON for making red，healthful blood．It is Iron ives strength and vigor to the muscles and and gives strength and vigor to the muscles and general
system．Nuga－Tone also contains a medicinal form of PHOSPHOROUS－the ele－ ment that is of greatest importance to the nerves of the body．In addition，Nuga－
Tone contains SIX other valuable medicines．These splendid ingredients are used the world over by many of the best doctors to help Nature build up and strengthen the world
the body．

Nuga－Tone is a Doctor＇s special prescription devised by him more than 35 years ago and prescribed in his private practice with great success．Thousands of men and women are loud in their praise of Nuga－Tone，and it is so good that only one person out of every 300 has ever asked for his money back．Whys． Because it has given them better health，more strength and greater happiness．
Nuga－Tone possesses genuine merit and must prove its value in your case or it will not cost you a penny．
Our Money－Back Agreement！The ，pico of Nowe：Tomo contains 90 and duty free．Each bottle Take Nis tablets－one month＇s treatment．You can buy 6 bottles for $\$ 5.00$ ． mainder of the package and your money will be refunded．Nuga－Tone is also sold druggists on the same terms and agreement．See agreement on package

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GENTLEMEN：－Enclosed please find $\$ \ldots \ldots$ ．．．．．．．．．．．which send me．．．．．．．．．
bottles of Nuga－Tone，postage and duty free．i will take Nuga－Tone 20 days，and bottles of Nuga－Tone，postage and duty free．I will take Nuga－Tone 20 days，and
if not entirely satistied，return the remainder and you are to refund my money． Name．

## A PHONE YOU WILL BE PROUD TO OWN

T1 HE first requisite of a good telephone is to furnish an easy speaking connection with any desired place，one with which you
may hear clearly and distinctly every word spoken．The Northern Electric telephone gives you this satisfaction．
After service，dependability and wear，comes finish and beauty． The Northern Electric telephone， as pictured here，is an added attraction on the wall of any home． It is as beautifully finished ass ed oak，durable，handsome．

Loud，elcar songs announce calls，A powerful venerator allows for ringing sev－
eral telephones at once or calling Central
 as，dosired．A push button enables you to a combined local and long distance transmitter carries your voice clearly，A comfortably sloped writing shef assists you to fale notes while talking．The re－
ceiver switch hook is built for action and durability．The ringer clapper between the gongs is properly protected．All you need to mount this telephone or to make any adjustment is a plain screw drive
These famous telephones come packed in individual cases，ready to install， complete with screws $n=d$ battery connections．Each weighs complete for shippins．
If your community has no telephone system write us．Our many years exporience is at your se loca＇ity．

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## Now on Sale－

## This new bargain in Raisins！

Plump，tender，seedless raisins from the famous San Joaquin and Sacramento valleys in California！ Nowthey canbehad at a real saving in this new 4 lb ．package－the ＂Market Day Special．＂
Here is a new opportunity for every woman who enjoys giving her family real＂spreads．＂With these raisins you can serve more tempting foods than ever be－ fore even on the busiest days．
What a festive touch is added ＊o the simplest meal by rich，fruity slices of Raisin Bread－and with
no extra trouble！Then there＇s wonderful Raisin Loaf Cake that＇s ready to bake in five minutes－and Sour Cream Raisin Pic that you can prepare in half the usual time．
These and other valuable recipes with many time－saving hints are given in the folder， ＂Short Cuts to Food Men Really Like．＂Send for it today－also the new 46 page book，＂Recipes with Raisins．＂And ask your grocer for the New＂Market Day Special＂ 4 lbs．ofdelicious raisins at a bargain．

Serve RaisinPread Everx Wednes Iay！

## Grown and packed by

## Sun－Maid

 Raisin Growersof CALIFORNIA
All raisins grown and packed by Sun－Maid are produced and perfected through the co－operative efforts of over
16,500 California farmers．To our friends．on the farms，we offer this delicious sun－cured fruit of our vineyards．


## W'ays To Prepare Game

Much depends on the cooking if one is to have a tasty meal By MARILLA R. WHITMORE

VTHEN the season opened a regular barricade began in hunters of every description were bagging the wild duck. Sity people consider the wild duck, Chicken, goose, venison and moose meat quite a delicacy, but too often the far mer s the all too conmon game nose in by the men folks of the family
In the first place, the cleaning of the ame is often left to the housekeeper 5 a matter of course. This is not at ill the way it should be, for if properly trained when very young, the boys will consider, that cleaning the game for mother is as important as shooting it for her, that she is doing them faver to prepare it when it is cleaned ng, so why should they not do a little of the work?
To start with the most common of Il game, the wild duck, it may be said that there is nothing tastier if properly ocked, or nothing quite so unpalatable (improperly prepared.
They should be plucked and not skinned, as there is a layer of fat next to the skin that should be left here if the birds are to be juicy when cooked. All the down and finer feathers may be saved as they make lovely pillows and down comforters. The wings may be cut off close to the body as there is little meat on the wing, and it is hard to pick. When the entrails have been removed wash the birds thoroughly inside and out with several changes of water, using a small stiff brush to scrub the skin. Dry sith a clean towel and prepare the dressing

Concerning Dressing
Some chefs declare that the wild duck should not be stuffed, but most people like dressing, and this dressing nay be prepared in many different rays.
For a plain dressing use dry bread crumbs, onion, pepper and salt.
An old cook in a hunting camp laught me to prepare the following dressing, which seems to be peculiarly adapted to the wild duck or goose. Put generous amount of butter into a sillet. When this is melted add a thopped onions. Brown these eup of everal cups of seeded raisins and at the eral cups of secded raisins, and at the last your bread crumbs, stirring all until it is a golden brown. This dressing tastes lots better than it sounds.
Another cook grinds up several cups of salt pork and mixes this with bread crumbs and a bit of onion, putting in two beaten eggs at the last, and salt ad pepper to taste. Others use thyme, marjoram or sage all of which make asty dressings combined with buttered
bread crumbs
Stuff the birds, filling them not quite full, and lay them in a baking pan or caster with thin strips of bacon over the breasts. Then cook anywhere from half hour to an hour, depending upon the size and apparent age of the birds. not over cooked, wild duck will not the that dark dry meat when the birds listike this that make so many people Often, instild fowl.
Often, instead of stuffing the birds, I parter sour apples and put inside and $0_{t}$ add the birds as they are cooking.
andful
raisins and
slices
prange, or
cloves whole severalsmal red peppers red pepper allspice. The Aispoce. The ferent erent and good as well. Serve $t h$ birds on a
bot platter


Of course the boys will clean the ducks after having all the fun of the shooting of them.
garnished with lemon slices and bits of orange, with a few squares of wild cranberry jelly, and you have a dish that pleases the eyes before it tickles the palate.

Grouse, Chicken and Partridge
The grouse, prairie chicken and partridge are best made into a brown stew, unless they are young birds, when they may be rolled in flour and fried in butter. Here again let me protest against the usual habit of skinning the bird. Pluck them by all means, even if it means a little more work, for the better taste resulting from leaving the skin on makes the work worth while.
To make a brown stew of the chicken, roll the pieces in flour and brown them well in hot butter, then add a little water and a few whole allspice, also some onion. Pull the kettle to the back of the stove and simmer several hours, adding a little water as it boils You will have a nice brown gravy and the chicken will be tender his stew done even if quite old. Serv this stew a platter garnished with border of potato cakes.

## Delicious Wild Goose

The wild goose is another delicious dish when properly cooked, but most cooks seem to have the knack of cook ing a wild goose until every particle of the original flavor is gone and the meat is as tasteless as so much ashes. For stuffing use any of the dressings used for wild duck, and take care not to overcook your fowl. Put the wild goose into the baking dish, breast down, so all the juices will run into the breast. Keep basting with melted butter and water, then serve with small apples which have been cooked whole with skins on top of the stove. Apples so cooked keep their color and are a nice garnish for roasted goose. Or if the apples are roasted in the oven fill the entres with a few nuts and a spoonful of a bright red jelly before serving with the goose.

## When Cooking Rabbit

The common bush-bunny or snow-shoe rabbit makes pretty good eating, as do the young jack rabbits that live in such numbers on our prairies. Not only do they make a delicious pie, but they an be baked, broiled or served in a tew like the prairie chicken, or they may be smothered southern style with ream. Do not make the mistake a city friend of ours did when we presented her with a young jack rabbit to take home. Previous to this we had given her duck, prairie chicken and wild geese, warning her to be sure and pluck the same if she wanted them to be nice. She eyed the bunny dubiously a few minutes, then remarked in a most distressed way: "Well, that is going to be some job to pick that rabbit, 1 can see that., of course this remark caused a great deal of mirth, but our friend joined in the laugh at her own friend this was a "bird", she might skin
this was a "bird she might skin. so smother rabbit cat it into medium sized pieces and brown in a casserole dish in butter, lard or drippings. When brown nicely, add a little water and put into the oven to simmer until it is tender. A half hour before it is ready to serve, pour over the cooking rabbit a pint of thick, sweet cream, and you have smothered rabbit, style.

Preparing Deer Meat Venison is cooked a great deal like beef,
again taking again taking care not to meat. Moose and elk if Continued on
Page 26

## Children love it <br> and it is so mild, so digestible that you ishing in in scores of tempting <br> Dr Grulee, noted food spe- <br> cialist says, that good cheese <br> =2:3m ChESE <br> KRAT <br> Name



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## Uses for Canned Foods <br> Value in the diet-Attractive ways of serving fruits and vegetables

I
MPROVED methods bothinfactories and in the home have led during the last decade to an enormous increase in the consumption of canned foods. Years ago people looked askance at them and did comparatively little canning themselves, but today most women wonder what they would do without the usual stock of fruits and vegetables that are put up for the long season when fresh products are unobtainable.
This change of attitude has a definite effect upon the national welfare, because fruits and vegetables provide certain essentials for health. They help to counteract acidity of the blood produced by meats, fish, fowl, eggs, starches and sweets, they contain valuable nim for erals needed for
building good bone and teeth and for and teeth and for
keeping them in repair; they provide bulk or roughage which promotes
healthy activity in the intestines and
so help to carry away wastes. It is not yet determined how much of the vitamin content is destroyed by canning, but even though some is lost, it is well worth while for the other reasons already mentioned to use plenty of canned foods.
In addition to being excellent food it is good policy for a homemaker to have plenty of canned products in the cellar as they are ready hor they are delicious and are very popular when served in the ways suggested below.

## Savory Spinach

Chop and season canned spinach and place in the bottom of a greased baking dish. Make slight depressions and break an egg into each. Sprinkle with grated cheese, cover with buttered crumbs and bake in a slow oven until the crumbs are
brown. For each egg allow one tablespoon brown. For each egg allow one tablespoon grated cheese and the same amount of crumbs.
$11 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. milk
$1 / \mathrm{c}$ cornmeal
1 ts. salt

## Bean Souffle

1 tsp. salt 1 T. butter string beans
Scald the milk in the double boiler, add cornmeal, slowly stirring until thickened. Cook 30 minutes and add salt, well beaten yolks, butter and beans, beat whites till stiff and fold them into the mixture. Put into a greased baking dish, set it in a pan of hot water and bake in a moderate the souffle will fall.

## Vegetable Nests

This is a good way of using left-over peas and mashed potatoes. Form nests or baskets of the potato or line a casserole or baskets of the potato or line a casserole
with it. Fill the cavities with canned peas and chopped carrots or with peas peas and chopped carrots or with peas
alone. Sprinkle with salt and pepper and alone. Sprinkle with salt and pepper and
brush the outside of the potato with brush the outside of the potato with
beaten egg. Brown quickly in the oven. Other vegetables may be substituted if desired.

Vegetables with Macaroni
Prepare three cups medium white sauce, pour half of it over two cups cooked macaroni and keep it hot. Cut left-over canned vegetables into cubes or small pieces and heat in the remaining sauce. When hot, place in the centre of a warm platter, arrange macaroni as a border and garnish with hard-cooked eggs.

## Mixed Salad

On a lettuce or white cabbage leaf arrange canned beets and peas and mashed potatoes. Serve with boiled dressing. potatoes. Serve and cauliflower is another attractive combination of canned vegattractive combination of canned veg-
etables. Asparagus, rice and egg or balls etables. Asparagus, rice and egg or ball
of cheese are also popular when served of cheese
together.

Jellied Vegetables

## 2 T. granulated gelatin 2 e. boiling w <br> 3/. c. cold water

Soak the gelatin in cold water for about ten minutes. Put the vinegar, salt and hot water into a pan and when aside where it may cool. When com-
mencing to thicken add left-over canned vegetables. Dip a mould in cold water, pour in the mixture and put in a cold pour in the mixture and, especially when place to set. For salads, expecting a large number, it is a good plan serving a large number, nt is a good plans. to use dripping pans instead of moulds.
This allows the jelly to be cut in squares.

## Delicious Soup

Save the liquid in which rice, tapioca or macaroni is boiled and add to it leftover vegetables. Cut in small pieces. Season with salt and pepper.

## Peach Delight

Cut squares or rounds of sponge cake and on top put half a large canned peach, cut side uppermost. Drop a large spoonful of stiffly-beaten and sweetened eggwhite on to this. Brown in a slow oven and serve with the juice drained from the fruit. Another varsion of this is to substitute
jelly
a for eggwhite and to sprinkle it with coconut.
stead of peaches. Pears can be used instead of peaches.

## Pear Snow

##  1 e. boiling water 3 egg whites

Soften gelatin in cold water and make syrup of boiling water and sugar. Add gelatin to it and stir till dissolved. Add lemon juice, strain and cool. Press pears through a sieve and add to the mixture. When commencing to set beat with a dover beater and when light add whites beaten till stiff. Pour into a mould that has been dipped in cold water and set in a cold place to become firm. Apricots or peaches can be substituted for pears.

## Berry Roll

Make a rich biscuit dough and roll one-half inch thick. Spread with canned berries drained from the juice, and sprinkle with spice and brown sugar. Make this into a long roll, cut across like cinnamon buns and bake in a hot oven. Serve hot with juice drained from the fruit or with whipped cream.

## Strawberry Shortcake

## ac. four 1/ tsp. salt 3 T . sugar

## $\begin{gathered}3 \mathrm{~T} . \\ \text { at } \mathrm{fat} \\ \text { milk } \\ \text { Canned }\end{gathered}$ Strawberries

Mix and sift flour, salt, sugar and baking powder. Rub in or cut in the fat and mix to a soft dough with the milk. Bake in a greased layer tin in a hot oven for about 20 minutes. Split in half and butter. Drain the fruit, crush half of it and sweeten and spread it between the layers. Put together, cover top with whipped cream and berries. Cream can also be put between the layers if desired, but may be omitted entirely. In this case sprinkle the top with fruit or icing sugar.

Fruit Puff
4 eggs

## 2 e. fruit pulp

c. powdered

Separate the eggs and beat the whites till stiff. Add sugar gradually, beating between each addition. Press any canned fruit through a sieve and add it gradually to the mixture, beating until very light. Less fruit can be used if desirous of utilizing a left-over. Serve at once with a custard sauce made with the yolks of eggs. If the fruit was canned in a heavy syrup the amount of sugar should be decreased accordingly.

## Steamed Apricot Pudding

## ${ }_{2}$ c. flour <br> tsp. salt tsp. baking powder <br> , cinnamon nutmeg <br> \& e. sugar <br> 1 c. raisins figs

Sift dry ingredients canned apricots eggs till light and ads togctimer. Beat To this mixture add dry ingredients alternately with milk. Put in figs, raisins and apricots drained from the juice. Steam for two hours and serve with apricot juice slightly thickened.

A Physician at 65 Wins a Gruelling Contest
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would you think of riding 1300 in 19 days, in the cold month of $\mathrm{Max}^{2}$ 1924, sleeping out, almost always wee to the skin? Such is the accomplish mont of Robt. G. Jackson, M.D. of Toronto, who achieved this remarkable feat at 65 in contest with C. J. Gregory, 3ieyele racer.
Mr. Gregory
ed, lithe, hard the reatheaded, grey less type. He lived upon meat, white bread, etc., the usual diet of civility dion. Dr. Jackson lived largely upon taste meat. Although 30 years older and 30 pounds heavier, Dr. Jackson ran away from his cont er Bu mark, at 55 Dr. Jackson was a physical for rebuilding his bodily vigor and for rebuilding his bod il So effective was and health. So effective was
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## NEWS FROM THE STORES

## By ANNE DEANE

Rsoft crow with your dresses and coat. thades,
taupe,dark


Top-Navy Check Velours. Left-Black Brocaded Crepe. Right-Grey Bengaline

EGARDLESS of whether a new know you are interested in the tyles for the season-every voman is. With this in mind I have been taking mental stock of what is in the stores, so that I can hand on the news to you. Always the most important thing in clothing is the pre vailing silhouette, for upon it depends materials, trimmings and everything materias, You will be glad to hear that
else. there is practically no change in the slender, youthful outline that has been
there popular for so many seasons. Hats, coats, day dresses, evening dresses and inderwear all carry out to wear and to make. Hhats bobbed) and have narrow brims When bobbed and have narrow brims
in the main. Some turn upwards, some in the mana. ever are the more becoming. Many milliners are coming to realize that they must cater to people who have hair and are producing attractive models with comfortable ineadsizes. Tricorns and other shapes with rolling brims, so becoming to older women, are sery stylish. High crowns, some almost of the square type, are the dominant note for the season, but there is no reason why anyone should there is no reason why anyone should soft crowns of last season are usually

Ornaments of feather are placed at one side of a brim that turns down and pretty flowers made by hand are used on other types of hats. A good many felt shapes are being shown and have very little trimming, but velvet will always be popular no matter what is introduced. Velour, too, is fashionable and is an excellent investment because it is warm, smart and will last for years. As for colors you can choose whatever suits you best. Black, browns ranging from soft woodsy shades to beige and tan, greens (light and dark), and purple are all being shown, so it is and purple are all being shown, so it is
not hard to decide on a color that tones

## Outer Garments

Outer wraps emphasize the tube-like silhouette, but are cut with a slight lare in the lower part which gives greater freedom for walking and are generally more graceful than the styles of last spring. Choker collars of fur, the absence of belts, and cuffs that fit more snugly are noticeable this fall. At the hip-line a buckle or other device keeps the front closed. On some models there is a narrow band of fur at the bottom. Ulsters which always have belts, never go out of style and are therefore a good choice. Suede cloth, marvella, bolivia and teddy bear cloth are being used a good deal, but the najority of the newest fabries are suede-like in finish. Brown of all
are very smart and are particularly suitable for those who have little time for dressing, as they can be-slipped on or off in a minute. Like coats they have a buckle or button at the hip and, a minimum of fastenings. Some have long $V$-neeks and others have surplice closings which make them very becoming for mature figures. The tube-like effect with round neek and horizontal or vertical trimming is suitable for slim young things, so everyone can find something suitable. Closely-fitting sleeves and flounces or panels on the skirt are noticeable features in thi season's cloth dresses. Skirts are short-anywhere from eight to 10 inches from the ground-but should in nches fras be aropted to the height ndy cas and breadth of the figure

## A Word About Materials

Popular materials for warm dresses re wool crepes, tricotine, poiret twill, Kasha cloth, charmeen and repp, al of which are supple and so are sutable for the prevailing styles. A wide range of browns from nigger to beige and an, navy, midnight blue, dark grey or other neutral colors can be selected with safety
Few trimmings are being used this keason but rows of buttons running from shoulder or V-neek to hem help fomphasize the slenderness of the figure. Rows of military braid around the bottom of skirts and tunics are also the bottom show. Some dresses have narrow bands of fur on collars, bottoms of panels and lower edges of skirts.
Silk dresses suitable for afternoon wear, informal parties and Sundays are also simple affairs. Often they are made of two contrasting materials to give individuality, but unless you are very slim and youthful it is safer to use one fabric alone. While very short sleeves are becoming to a few peope, most women look much better when le, mos we mere even with fimy Merr Many of the dresses have naterial. Many fity desses have ong sleeves that it loosely. Long sleeved underwa. guised by choosing one of the silk repes that are rich and lustrous with out being transparent. Crepe de chene, Canton crepe, marocain or roshanara crepe are made in a large variety of shades and are particularly adaptable to present styles. Brocaded crepes are very rich in appearance without being too out-standing in design and are there fore excellent for people who wish to ress in an inconspicuous manner Bordered chenille effects on crepes are ery attractive as they produce a raised design similar to a pile fabric. Figured silk crepes are used consider ably, but are suitable only for those wo are slim. One of the latest silk fabrics, though not really new, is benga ine, which has a cord running from selvage to selvage. Faille, a similar material is also popular.

The fol


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Proven directions on each parkage. Physicians everywhere recommend it
> with beading. Chiffon velvets are delightfully soft, while the brocaded velvets are unusually beautiful, but these fabrics are only suitable for evening wear at formal functions. Satins Iso are popular for afternoon or even ing but should only be worn by people with slight figures.

> Beads and embroidery can be chosen with safety for trimming, but frequent ly narrow bias bindings of contrasting colors on neck, sleeve or edge of panel are the only adornment used. Knife
plaitings might be considered as trimming.
Overblouses and plaited skirts which have been popular for the past few seasons are just as much in style as ever. Many of the blouses are of silk crepe in shutter greens and brick reds, beside the usual more retiring shades, Browns and greys in wool crepes, as well as plaids, make stylish skirts.
Altogether the elothes for fall are most attractive so it only remains for you to select the most becoming styles, materials and colors.

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## The Doukhobors in Canada

 granted full homestead rights. The Doukhobors adhering strictly to the principal of holding things in common, refused to accept individual homesteads. An investigation was made, and the Doukhobors were given a grant of 15 acres per head. In 1907 there were 768 homesteads set apart for the Doukho bors. The land taken from them was thrown open to other settlers for homesteads. In 1918, approximately ties by being turned over to independ ents (Doukhobor men who have broken away from the community and who Tive independent of the community as land they have at the present time the land they have at the present time has been finally granted to them, or pur-chased by them outright from the Dominion government
Extensive purchases of fruit lands in B.C. were made by Peter Verigin for son, and at Grand Forks. There are now approximately 4,000 independent and 7,000 community Doukhobors in munity of Universal Brotherhood Com


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ity again. The pearls come in an
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GOMBAULTS ,
sitam


## RADIO-TELEPHONY

How sound is transmitted by wire-Preparatory to an expla wireless transmission

## By W. B. CARTMEL, B.S., M.A., M.E.I.C

WE have seen that in radio electric some sort of an pump electrons up and down in the aerial at the transmit ting station, and that these electrons effect the ether, causing waves to go out effect the ether, causing waves to go out
in all directions from the aerial. These in aves directionstely reaching the receiving aerial cause the free electrons which exist in the metal of the receiving aerial to vibrate along the wire of the aerial, this vibration constituting an electric current. The question now arises as to how speech is transmitted in this way.
First let us consider how speech is transmitted in ordinary wire telephony. We must remember that in ordinary wire telephony there is a translation of sound vibrations (which are merely vibrations in the air) into an alternating current of electricity. In an ordinary conversation, air vibrations or sounds are transmitted from the mouth of the person speaking and these are received by the ear of the listener. These sounds originate in the vibrations of the vocal chords, and are modified by the mouth, lips, tongue, etc., so as to become the sort of vibrations that correspond to articulate speech. These vibrations, reaching the drum of the listener's ear, cause the membrane of the drum to vibrate, which vibration is transmitted by the nerves of the listener to his brain where it is perceived as a sensation of sound. In a telephone conversation, we use an electrical means for causing the air vibrations set up in one place to be set up again at some distant place, which is done in the following manner:
One speaks into the transmitter of an ordinary telephone set. This transmitter has an aluminum diaphragm which corresponds to the membrane of the drum of the ear. This aluminum diaphragm vibrates and by agitating particles of carbon within the transmitter button, causes a varying electric current to be sent out along the telephone line, this varying current corresponding in its vibrations with the vibrations of the speakers voice.

The Current in a Telephone
In order to learn how telephony is accomplished by radio it will be necessary to examine the production of the current in a telephone line a little more closely. In every telephone set there is, when in use, a constant unvarying electric current flowing through the button of the transmitter. When the particules of carbon in the transmitter button (technically known as granular carbon), are agitated by the vibrations of the transmitter diaphragm they cause fluctuations in the steady current of electricity so that the current varies in strength exactly in accordance with the vibrations of the transmitter diaphragm. This varying electric current travels along the telephone line to the other telephone set at the distant end of the line, and there acts upon the telephone receiver. The telephone receiver is an instrument for doing the very reverse of what the telephone transmitter does, for it converts the varying electric current which it receives into exactly corresponding air vibrations or sound, so that by means of these two devices in the telephone set, air vibrations at one place are reproduced again as air vibrations at another place. The important thing to notice is that in doing this we have acted on a steady current of electricity, causing it to vary in accordance with the sound vibrations.
We can represent this action as shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2. Figure 1 represents a steady flow of electricity in which the current is shown by a straight line drawn at a constant height above the base line. Figure 2 shows the variation in this current produced by talking into the telephone transmitter. In this case the current is represented by a wavy line, the varying heights of this above the base line showing that as time goes on the current continually varies. In these figures it will be noticed that the base line represents time and is divided into hundredths of
see that the value while end of one hundredth of one hundredths of a sec one hundredths of a secon the same value as it seco ning. Figure 2 on the shows that the other hand, shows that the current has a different


FIG. 1


FIG. 2
second from what it had at the beginning, another value at the end of two one hundredths of a second and so on, and other different values again at intermediate times.
The change from a steady current as in Figure 1 to a varying current as in Figure 2 (caused by the action of the telephone transmitter) is known as modulation. How the ether vibrations are modulated, or rather how the high frequency currents in the antenna which produce the ether vibrations are modulated, will be explained later.


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bears the "Northland trade mark. Marthiand Knitting Co., Lte.

## To make Rugs Safe from Spilly Inkwells Put a Duofold on the Home Desk

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INSTEAD of a fountain pen, it has hitherto been the custom to use an ordinary pen and inkwell on the home writing desk in spite of the perils to furniture and rugs. For the point of the usual fountain pen would soon turn awry if entrusted to the variable writing of various hands.
ButParkerDuofold hasnow made aFamily Fountain Pen practicable-has made spilly inkwells needless - has saved the furnishings from calamity and ruin. For its PressButton Filler is capped inside the barrel out of sight-out of harm's way. Then,too the double sleeve of Duo-Sleeve Cap makes an Ink-Tightseal. And novariation in hands or handwriting can alter the jewel-smooth Duofold point. A point that's guaranteed if not mistreated, for 25 years' WEAR.
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a new member of the desk accessories-one all the family can freely turn to for social correspondence, household accounting, or the young folks for their school work. And this black-tipped lacquer-red beauty adds new charm and color to the desk.

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All good pen counters sell Parker Duofold. It's replacing old pens by the thousands. For George S. Parker, in producing this creation, abolished long-standing pen faults; so look and look carefully for this stamp on the barrel-"Geo. S. Parker-DUOFOLD-Lucky Curve." Then imitations can't deceive you.

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For here's a point no style of writing can distort. Jewel-smooth-guaranteed 25 years

## This Winter

men and women on the farm can enjoy greater underwear comfort


$I^{\dagger}$T costs no more to be really comfortable this winter. Making men and women comfortable is Stanfield's job.


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Shirt and Drawe.
ere (Sises $34-44)$

ment.
 Also Shirt and Drawe-

No other underwear made combines to such a great degree the qualities of luxurious softness, snug, tailored-to-fit comfort and all-round serviceable wear Those who compare Stanfield's, garment for garment and price for price, know that, over a period of strenuous wear, it is the most economical underwear they can buy.

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You don't have to buy a size larger to "allow for shrinking." Be careful to select the size that fits you perfectly, use ordinary care in washing according to our directions and a Stanfield's garment will keep its size and snug, tailored-to-fit shape as long as you wear it.

## There are fabrics and weights in

 Stanfield's to suit everyone.The out-doors man or woman can choose no better underwear. Stanfield's is made in all grades and weights Pure Virgin Wool, Silko-Wool and mixtures of Wool and Silky Cotton. You will find there's a Stanfield's garment especially suited to you.
Pick up and examine any Stanfield's

## garment.

Feel its delightful softness. See how it's finished with scrupulous attention to every detail; how the seams lie flat, the buttons are sewn on to stay. Note its generous cut, the full length of the gar-ment-no skimping. This careful making is a part of every Stanfield's garment whatever price you pay. And there's a size, style and weight in Stanfield's for every member of every family, priced from $\$ 1$ to $\$ 10$.

Three illust booklets sho Stanfield's: range of style zeeights in women's and ren's under will be mail request. Wri them.

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& \text { UNDERWEAR }
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$$

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Truro, N..


BE COMFORTABLE THIS WINTER-WEAR STANFIELD'S


AROSS the road in a neignbor's yard stands an elm tree in the f vellow. It leans slightly, in cotecting manner gatepost, and beyond it is a small grove of poplars that have been loath to shed their more sober hued dress of green. From the topmost tip to the lowest branch this tree is of the one bright shade and against the background of the grove it stands out, a vivid note of color. In the bright sunshine it is a perfect blaze, and even when evening dusk comes it seems to glow with a light of its own as if it had imprisoned some of the day's sunhad imprisoned some of the day
shine and were giving it back.
shine and were giving it back.
There is a sweep of soft velvet grass at the foot of the tree, and on these fall days it is dappled with yellow leaves. Occasionally a gust of wind stirrs them in eddies, and I can almost imagine I hear from the distance the soft rustle of their moving, like the swish of silken skirts.
The tree is my neighbor's, but its beauty is mine. My doorway serves as a deep frame for the picture I gaze upon. I shall hold that picture in my mind's eye long after winter's snows are heaped around the gateway and the not even discussed its beauty with my neighbor, as I have a secret fear that neighbor, as I have a secret fear that
she may not see it as I see it, and that her lack of appreciation will somehow or other rob my picture of part of its richness. I am quite content that the tree is her's. I am glad that it stands in her yard. If it were closer I would not get the whole effect, and I might possibly discover that the branches are ragged with leaves half stripped.
I never go near the door, but I pause to get another glimpse of the tree. I make frequent excuses to walk down there for vears, but somehow or been it has never appealed so strongly to me before. It is as if I had discovered me before. It is as if I had discovered
rich and deep qualities of friendship in someone who I have known for years, but up to the present had never really knew was a friend.
Recently I read a very learned essay Written by one who asked the question, Does Nature Create Useless Things? He endeavored to answer the question himself and among other things said that as far as is known the colors of autumn foliage are useless, that they serve no practical purpose in Nature's scheme of life. Autumn colors useless! True they can not be turned into so much gold nor used as food for man or beast. But are they not food for the soull He knew planned and made the universe bread alone," 'man shall not live by own intone,' nor by the power of his own intellect, and so He gave me the beauty of that tree.
There are two spots in town that One a remarkable fascination for me. china she bookshop and the other is a spell of work Frequently after a busy my feet just naturally , I find that direction of thaturally lead me in of these two the entrance of either one the same feelinges. I enter with much When about feeling that one experiences the eares to start on a holiday-that somehow of a work-a-day world have time of slipped off, and ahead lies a The chint and delight.
place. One shop is a most interesting just wand can easily spend an hour different wandering about examining the ing the patterns, criticising and admiring the patterns and shapes of the pieces
shown. It is strange how much plea sure one can get out of such an exploration. Very few women have all the money they would like to have to buy pretty and useful things for their homes. I know now that when the time arrives (if it ever does) when ' my ship comes in,' a portion of its cargo of gold, be it large or small, shall be spent in buying china. And it will not take me many moments to decide what
I find that these frequent visits to the shop have given me a keener appreciation of the points of good china, and how one may spend to advantage when purchasing for one's own home. I have gained a clearer understanding of the art of the various people who make the different wares. This has given me a new interest in reading about them.
The saleswoman is quite accustomed to having people spend their time look ing about without making a single pur chase. But she seems to have an un canny sense as to when the psychologi cal moment has arrived to ask the ques tion: "Is there anything that you would like, to day, madam?,' It takes just this sometimes to break down reso lutions and to arouse the teasing "I That is the moment when I flee from That is the
temptation.
I find the bookshop even more entic ing. The salespeople there have also learned the wisdom of the policy of letting visitors browse among the books, knowing full well that the appeal of books increases in strength upon long acquaintance.
Experience has taught me that I must avoid the bookseller's shop in seasons when my purse is lean. But at other fimes when $I$ have managed to save a few pennies or have decided that I will buy books instead of something else, I leliberately seek out the store and ask for a book. It is not often a recen first-copyright edition. But it is one that I have heard favorably described r recommended.
Even though I spend money on books till my conscience pricks, I have the satisfaction of knowing that I am adding to the richness of my living. Books are not luxuries but necessities. And I keep adding to my little store and plan definitely to put a few more on my shelf each year. Yes, when that 'ship comes in", I shall revel in books as a miser does in his gold.

Seeing that this issue carries a story of Pauline Johnson, and autumn will soon be taking its departure, I can not resist quoting here short excerpts from her Autumn's Orchestra. The first is The Overture, and the second the Finale from that poem:
October's orchestra plays sortly on The northern forest with its thousand strings.
And Autimn, the conductor, wields anon The golden rod-the baton that he swings. The cedar trees have sung their vesper hymn,
And now the muste sleeps
Its benediction ralling where the dim Dusk of the forest creeps.
Mute grows the great concerto-and the or day is darkening, Good-night, Goodnight.
But through the night time I shall hea Within
The murmur of these trees,
The calling of your dista
Sobbing across the seas,
And waking wind, and star reflected light Shall voice my answering, Good-night, Good-night."

The lountuyosmew

## What the Canadian Pacific asks of the Canadian People:

-Nothing more than the Company is willing to give the Canadian public; a square deal, fair consideration and a due regard for the national and individual interest of the people of Canada.

The Canadian Pacific makes no appeal for business on any grounds but those of efficient service and fair charges.

The Company asks for no consideration except upon the grounds of its records of service and achievement and of its significance as a great institution whose interests are inseparably bound up with those of the nation.

The Company believes it enjoys, and is entitled to, the good will and fair consideration of the Canadian public. It believes the Canadian Pacific is a matter of pride to every Canadian and that it is in the interest of every Canadian that the Canadian Pacific shall maintain its place as the premier the Canadian Pacific shal maintain its place as the premier
transportation system of the world, which undoubtedly it will through its own intrinsic merits, policies and efforts.

Unquestionably, it is in the interests of the people of Canada, and of the nation, that the Canadian Pacific shall maintain its splendid financial standing through which has been built up world-wide confidence in the Dominion as an investment field. In this respect the interests of the Canadian Pacific and of the Canadian people are one.

As a factor in the development of the country, the Canadian Pacific is a national institution. The Canadian Pacific was conceived and developed for a national purpose and all its policies and achievements have adhered to the ideals of its original conception.

It has abundantly achieved its original objective and, as King George once said, "We all know how the Canadian Pacific has helped to build a nation."

## CANADIAN PACIFIC

National in Conception and Achievement

The Famous Northlystesuality

## Bovril makesfood feed you more

## IFROTS



HE amount of literature that is phases of homemaking is positively amazing. In fact there is hind the reason for anyone being behind the times when authors produce books innumerable and governments
scatter bulletins abroad. In addition scatter bulletins abroad. In addition manufacturers have entered the field with armloads of attractive pamphlets describing their products and how they
may be used. Of course this is excellent business on their part, but it also is of benefit to you because the book lets usually contain valuable material.

路 portant it is for the literature they
send broadcast to be accurate, and have in many cases established special departments in which experts prepare the material. Not only is the information reliable but the brochures are usually illustrated in the most attractive mankeep an will find it a good plan to that you may have the benefit of the material that is being distributed. Most booklets are free, except in the case of
They say that a woman never can get enough cook books, for she feels the need of new ideas, and is always ready for something fresh. The Lake of the Woods Milling Company evidently was
familiar with this little bit of feminine familiar with this little bit of feminine
psychology when it published "Five Roses Cook Book." This handy reference contains recipes for breads, quick breads, cakes, cookies, pastry and a hundred and one other delicious dishes. Illustrations in color add to its attracEnglish and French, and can be secured
The Purity Flour Cook Book, prepared by the Western Canada Flour
Mills, is another illustrated publication that could well be given a place in every kitchen. In it are heaps of good ideas in all lines of cookery "from soup to
nuts." The price of this is 30 cents. Naturally you are fond of oranges and lemons, but have you ever realized can be served? Even the colored covers of Busy Day Salads and Desserts, give
new inspirations immediately. Inside are recipes for evolving attractive
dishes and for making garnishes. The California Fruit Growers' Exchange distributes these pamphlets free of charge.

## Baby's Record

Baby's Record
If you would like to keep a record of the baby s growth you wili be interested
in The Best Baby, published by The Borden Company. This is arranged so that you can note how much he weighs poked through, when his first steps were raken, and many other details of his early years. The Borden Company also
puts out a book of recipes, as well as puts out a book of recipes, as well as
Baby's Welfare, a booklet dealing with the feeding of mother and child, and
the right way to clothe the latter. These pamphlets are distributed free of charge.
If the savory parts of a meal are your bugbear, you will find some good idens in Clark's recipe book, which contains
directions and suggestions for making soups, salads and meat dishes.
Perhaps you are one of the venturous souls who are always trying something new. If so, you will. find a large variety
of recipes in the Gold Standard Cook Book. The Codville Company publish Book. The Codville Company publish
this practical booklet and charge 10 this practical booklet and charge 10
cents for it.
New ideas for cheese dishes are to be New ideas cher chese dishes are to be
found in Cheese and How to Serve it, which is distributed free by the KraftMcLaren Cheese Co. Information is also given about the food value and mineral content of cheese as compared with certain other foods. Illustrations in color add greatly to the attractiveness of the pamphlet.
Everyone likes raisins, but this fruit will be more popular still if you make some of the dishes described in Recipes some of the dishes described in Recipes
With Raisins, compiled by the home With Raisins, compiled by the home
economics expert, of the Sun-Maid

Raisin Growers. Beside ideas for using raisins in cakes, breads and desserts there are some unusual sandwich fillings, lunch-box hints, frozen desserts and conserves.
Bovril Lim
Bovril Limited, have brought out some leaflets dealing with nutrition of invalids, children and healthy adults. The uses of Bovril in various types of disease are also dealt with. These can be secured without cost.
From the Grapevine to You, is an W. Gillett Company, describing how cream of tartar is made. Magic Cook Book is also brought out by the same firm which makes no charge for this literature.

## Ideas for Canners

Steps in the canning process, hints, precautions, recipes, canning without sugar, time tables, jelly making, pickles, sauces, and many other interesting
things are to be found in Helpful Hints things are to be found in Helpful Hints
for Home Canning, prepared by the Dominion Glass Co. There is no charge for this pamphlet.
The Northern Aluminum Company has also published a booklet dealing with canning, which may be had for the asking. In it you will find a list of the utensils necessary for canning. steps in the cold pack method, different kinds of syrup, and recipes for jellies and preserves. This company also distributes an interesting folder which describes the different stages through which aluminum goes from the mine to If kitchen.
If you are one of those thrifty souls who take pride in using flour sacks for something more than tea towels, you lished by the Quaker Mills, for in it pub the results of a competition this company held recently. Prizes were offered for the best ways of using flour sacking and the results were printed so that others might go and do likewise. There is no charge for it, but in order to
obtain a copy you should send either asales slip or a guarantee tag taken Perhaps of Quaker flour.
Perhaps you are looking forward to painting the house next year or to re and tell the Martin-Senour Compan what you plan to do they will send you Easy. Ideas of Home Painting Made the right way to apply paint of colors, he right way to apply paint, and how all explained in this booklet.

## Attractive Homes

## The Boston Varnish Company

effort to make houses more attre has published The Inviting Home, most attractive booklet. The color
schemes as illustrated will give you schemes as illustrated will give you an room, bedroom or kitchen, whicheve you are planning to redecorate. This What to on request.
roblem, to put on the floor is often a Congoleum literature the assistance o becomes considerably easier. Color plates of artistic patterns for different rooms will help you to decide on some thing suitable. Both Modern Rugs fo Modern Homes and Gold-Seal Floo Coverings are well worth writing fo and
silver but when it interested in table a list of the necessary tieces the out is not such an easy one. How Mneh Sliverware, published by Meriden Britannia Company, gives the necessary information. Etiquette, Entertaining and Good Sense, is another publication distributed free of charge by this pany. Illustrations in black and white show plainly different ways of setting the table.
If you are unable to get these book. lets elsewhere, write to The Grain Growers Guide, and your request will be forwarded to the manufacturer. In cases where a charge is made enciose
the right amount of money.

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The inventor, T. D. Johnson, 579 Me send a lamp on 10 days, FREF ting or even to give one FREE to the first user in each localis particulars. Also for full particulars. Also ask him to explain out experience or money make $\$ 250$ $\$ 500$ per month.

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## TRAPPERS!





The Outlaw
the autumn woods, and in such places,
too, the food is more plentiful for the tomach which demands almost inces. sant stufting against the coming "big
sleep" of winter. The Outlaw, De and loafing somewhere along the Ridge. rough one earefully combed limpse of the animal they sought, De He cursed the Battler for one damn mooth-barked sapling where, high up, still sapped the long gashes left by the Qutaw's claws. That the marks had De Foe, rifle cocked and eves vigil the spruce valley. He expected at any But the spicy solitude held a treeing Then, just as he was beginning to vent his spite on the hated Battler. glimpsed a big black shape, which rose st the ter as though Like a thash the heavy rifle was
aised. There was a spit of flame and wl of the dog, who had bounded earth as bell crashing De Foe's heart beat in tumultuous to where the Battler was gripping and learing at the inanimate mass of flesh and hair-the bear, whose wild roam-
ing days were over for ever. "Ho, ho, ol' Outlaw,", he langhed, is dat you pay, eh?," And he kicked There was the Outlaw; no doubt of it ing forelegs with their curved lance like elaws, that massive breadth one thing puzzled the trapper and gave him a little uneasiness as he skinned eres slain animal. The dead bear's yes were open, and in them the man ampsed none of the red fire which his flesh more than one occasion made from him creep and his courage ooze "Som him,
not'ing. De he muttered, "dat is tat's all." "inl rob heem of fight, he rolled the And finishing his work, ping the heavy burden across his shoulders with buckskin aeross his weat down into buckskin thengs, he blue-drab shadows

The dog hung back, head low on heavy neek, tail between his legs.
Perhaps he was remembering a promise the man had made. "When you have done what I pay for you to do-you die den pretty queek, Í guess so." De Foe, twisting about, saw the its muscles tense as though about to spring. He leaped aside, firing from the hip, and the tawny flashing thing that had hesitated just a moment too
long, settled down, and with one long shudder lay still.

The trapper laughed.
, cet is over, my frien' Battler 9 ' was dead, with his battle-searred face snarling upward to the patch of gold De Foe cussed him, and went on his way singing blithely. He was happy. that he had hated.
Happiness is
exalting us, it makes us companion; Worries-and sometimes our caution. Perhaps, had De Foe felt less satisfied
with his morning 's work he would not have forgotten to reload his rifle. of the long Tamarac trail and was the real Outlaw stepped from a thicket irectly in his path.
Defenceless, the trapper stood face Defenceless, the trapper stood face
to face with the animal which he had believed had been destroyed by his
The bear stood in the trail, head swaying, nostrils distending and closing in hissing whistles. Perhaps it was the scent of blood of his slain kindred; perhaps anger at the wanton intrusion of the man; perhaps it was
the instinct of self defence alone which made him act to the trapper's but I will say that I think it was the
$\qquad$

## strongest.

ard. De Foe leaped for sprang for the burden of the green skin handicapped him. He missed his hold and was swept down by one terrific strok

It was Hodson who diseovered the ngainst the moss. Hodson had come across from the crearing to buy the
old Battler back from the trapper. He had found the dog lying dead further
he came upon the battered body of De
Foe, sprawling grotesquely beside 2 lievedly and lowered the hammer

## his rifle.

and in it happens much that is never
known to the world outside. There a
the life of a human would be held cheaper than the outlaw bear, his inherited hatred satisfied, would cease from that moment to be an Outlaw.
And still it is on record that Hodson buried a yellow dog before he administered the last rights to a human being, and that a black bear, which range for three years took up his abode in an area far remote from carly memories, and was never known to
molest man or man's possessions more.

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What Cities areThese?

## LEMONTAR WATATO ROTONOT PIGNEWIN

LIST OF PRIZES OFFERED 2 Ladies' Wrist Watches, 2 Gent's Watches 2 Ladies Wrist Watches, 2 Gent's Watches
2 Cameras, 500 Self-Filling Fountain Pems Ke-arrange the jumbled words so that Kearrange the names of four Canadian cities and sell 16 packets of Ideal Starch Gloss at 15 c a packet, and you win one
of the above prizes. This is real easy, of the above prizes. This is real easy,
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do this, send us your answer at once, and If it is correet we wil setad you t...
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IDEAL PRODUCTS
DESK 9 - WATERFORD, ONT

Ways to Prepare Game Continued from Page 13
prepared the same is good, and if the animals are young the meat is hard to beat.
By using more of the wild game on our farms and preparing the meat so it is tasty, a variety can be added to our bill of fare. Then the domestic fowl, or a larger number of them, can be sold, as well as the beef and pork. The beet is none too good for the farmer and his family, and as wild game is considered such a treat by city people, the farmer should consider himself lucky that he lives so close to the source of supply, and all he needs is a little ambition 2 nd a few boxes of shells to keep the larder well supplied with game.

Fifty or sixty wild ducks hung up on the north side of a building late in the fall furnish a change of menu during the long winter months. Some prefer to clean the duck as if ready to use at once, and to store them with the other meat. This method pleases me better for this reason: When the ducks are hung up with the feathers on they have to be thawed out before they are plucked. In the process of thawing they seem to become oily, and are not so good when cooked. If they are plucked ready to cook they then need but to be thawed out, and are ready to stuff and pop into the oven. When cooked they are just as good as the day they were shot.

An Experience With Crane
A crane or wild turkey as it is called in this country is a delectable dish if you manage to procure a young one. But if I live to be a hundred myself,
cooked. Coming home with a bunch of wild geese and a monstrous wild turken one evening, my husband looked him in his will $\because$ What omembers is that?', I asked. "Why that is wild turkey, and th
there is going,
content with letting mich with the bird, he must instaperimes in to eat his wild turkiously, dubiously, I put the birif tould would not begin to go itro so I used a cooky
oven, and put it om dinner was to be at six. It rosated make a dent in athough I could nat to be served, for that was all there was and I thought it would be a good jok on my husband as well.
If you could have seen his face when ful wild turke was more so before several jagged pieces ended with the turkey heing remn-el and cold roast beef substituted.
The next day I cooked that wild tur key all day and served It was just as tough as ever. Out of curiosity's sake, I continued the cook ing another day but with poor results. That must have been the great, great grandfather, of all wild turkeys, for
Mike, the hunting dog, turned up his nose and walked away when up his finally presented to him. So if anyone wishes possible if just as well tor cor size should be a guide. Al hough I like ll should be a guide. Although the

NICKY AND THE CUSTARD PIE
Nieky and Tiny are both very fond of custard pie. They have not been annoying the little Doo Dad Lady for quite a while, and so she invited Nicky to her house and has given him all the pie he could eat. There was still a nice bis pie left, so she told big pie left, so she told Nicky to take it to Tiny. Now, Nicky remembers the day Tiny stole his aie, and what a time he had to get it back, and plans to get even with him. Ferhaps Tiny has smelled the pie, for here he comes hurrying down the street. Nicky stands ready at the corner to throw the pie in his face the minute he gets face the minute he gets close enough, then Tiny suddenly changes his mind, and goes in the door, and here comes Flannelfeet, all unconscious of what is in store for him at the corner. Then, Bang! Nicky has timed his throw to a second, and poor Flannelfeet is bowled completely over. Nicky finds it impos. sible to make Flannel. feet beliere that he did met mean to hit him did all, but Flannelfoet has had tricks played on him before, so Nicky is grabbed by the back of the neek and dragged away to the Doo Dad prison, where Flannelfeet has made up his mind he will teach Nieky a lesson. There stands Tiny at the corner of the fence wondering what it is all about.
Here is the lesson you In mischief this: In of joy and bliss little And if you'd relish; son Be wholesome fun, Be sure you ean show
some good you've done.


# The Twenty-First Burr <br> By VICTOR LAURISTON 

The Broken Shackles

$L$AURA Winright next morning a letter from Tom at
done it, Sister Laura, r rather, you've failed to do it.
Airth, I mean. You To see I spoke of it when you were bere. 's been pressing for some time now to see you regarding some matters in connection with the estate. I can't go into detailsicre. there was no alternative.
Since vou did not come to him, he's coming to you. Look for us on Thursday. Airth is a busy man, of course, nin again; Baitland Port, and he agreed.
". He'll have only a few hours in Maitland Port as he wants to get back the same night, so please be within call.'

Laura remembered her promise to Tom that she would see the lawyer. She had promised that day Glory went through the old account-books. It was a mere, mechanical promise; and she had forgotten it the next moment, and remembered it later only to forget it again. She flushed now; for she took a stern pride in the sanctity of the Winright word.
the business, she had no inkling. Airth, she knew, was making applicaministration to Adam Winright's estate. Doubtless there was a lot of red tape in connection with the proceedings, and doubtless she herself must be tangled in some of this red tape.
A postscript to the letter caught her
"P.S. Burnville is back in Detroit, usgusted with his chase. He talked of throwing up the case, but I persuaded him to stick. Mostly, it was talk, I

Laura showed the letter to Glory Adair when she called next day from the Barracks.
decided said Glory, '" Harry Burnville alks of quitting a quitter. When he Wiaright, he has almost on it, Miss
"If Oh, what can you expect of me? Harry Burnville is a trained criminal bunter. I am a poor Maitland Port nurse. He pursues criminals. I merely study the lines of this hand and that. saw Mr. Ross," she concluded
"He repeated his former yarn regard det the young man leaving Castle Sun
"Yarn? You think it's just a yarn? Glory's brows lifted.
that we thay that. He persists, too, the was in the garage right up to bim."
"Das hositu doubt it 9 '" Laura's tone
Glory haven't said I doubt it.,"
Winright Adair looked hard at Laura tather $w$ is one thing more. Your Wher wrote you in England, didn't he,
"The was ill?"
"That was why I came home.
Laura gripped the arms of the chair again, the she sat. She could see it tomethat letter which throughout the burned itelf journey on the liner had
once Laura, you must come home at far frome by the next boat. I am things I a well man, and there are I must tell yot write in a letter, that
"The repeated the words.
intimation she said, "was the first meationed that he was ill. He'd never Tom and it in his earlier letters. Even of his illness, Annisford knew nothing be seemed worrines, Tom had noticed Wh Buraville so, last October-he told

You have those letters?'
Yes.
Get them for me."
Laura, wondering, brought them down from her steamer trunk. Glory studied them. The microscope was brought into requisition presently and the study grew more intent
The nurse rose at last
I'm going to Detroit at once. I'll be there to-morrow-Thursday."

Mr. Airth will be here Thursday.
Mr. Airth will be here Thursday."
That's too bad!", Glory frowned. - I may be back in time to see him, dear, but-I hardly think so.

But why are you going 9
To find that young man-the young man Ross saw-if I can. If I can't find him, maybe I'll find some one who will tell me all about him.
She would not stay to argue. Laura Winright pushed the letters into a drawer of the desk.
She was wondering when Ross would come. He had left the rooms over the garage. She had not seen him about. Very likely he was at the hotel. He would come to see her before he left Maitland Port. She knew be would come. If for nothing else, because she wished him to come.
It would be terrible if that matter-of-fact "Good-bye" were to be the
Early the next afternoon she again chanced upon the letters. She glanced through them carelessly. The sight of her father's well-remembered handwriting brought tears to her eyes. That last letter, the letter that told of his illness, sent a shiver through her.
She laid it down, and picked up Then, with a little cry, she compare the two. She fell to picking out the same words in both, the same letters, to studying letter-formations, the loep of a " g ," the crossing of the " t 's," Impulsively she flung the last letter down upon the desk.
It was a forgery. Glory had discovered that. But Glory had not told Some one else might have written the letter for her father. She paused a
moment, deliberating that point. No. She rejected the idea at last. The hand. writing was not his; but it was pal pably an attempt to imitate his. It had deceived her at the moment; had her suspicions not been roused by Glory's conduct it might have deceived And Glory had not troubled to tell Burnville must know at once. This discovery might be vital. Acting as discovery might be vital. Acting as
always on the impulse, she started to

The next moment, in came Tom Win right, ushering Lawyer Airth.
Daniel Webster Airth, attorney-atlaw, grasped Laura Winright's soft hand in his cold, flabby paw. He was tall, cadaverous, stooped, with eyes deep set and a nose like the beak of an eagle. He coughed twice before he
"Pleased, Miss Winright." But his eyes showed no pleasure, only embarTom seemed embarrassed, too. He sat very straight, but his slim fingers nervously twisted the tips of his moustache.
In the awkward silence that ensued, Laura Winright glanced from the one to the other. The lawyer coughed again.
, presume Mr. Winright told

## Tom cut in, harshly

'I've told her absolutely nothing, Airth, and I refuse to be a party to telling her. You insisted on it being done, and it's up to you to do it. These dirty jobs are lawyers' work. They're not suited to respectable men."
not suited to respectable men sallow skin.
"Mr. Winright-ahem!
Me spent a long time clearing his throat.
"I protest, it is an imperative legal duty. There is absolutely no alternative. I appreciate your attitude-
ahem!-but-ahem!-your feeling does He floundered.
"What does all this mean?" demanded Laura
Tom Winright, still twirling his moustache, frowned on the embarrassed awyer
"Talk up, Airth," he at last urged. 'Get it over with, for God's sake. It isn't pleasant business for any of us. I hate it, but if it's got to be done,
"Ahem! Ahem! Miss Winright. It appears-ahem!-that your father left no will. Search has been made, here made the search is prepared to make
affidavit that he has found no will."
'I know that. Go on.'
' Now, Miss Winright, you understand, where there is no testamentary disposition of an estate-in short, no will-it is obligatory for a surviving relative to take out letters of administration. Mr. Winright"-he turned to Tom-" as the eldest son is entitled to do so in this case. You follow me, Miss Winright 9 To take out letters of administration, it is necessary for him to furnish a sworn statement regarding the survivors of the decedent entitled to share in the estate. In other words, the heirs. It is necessary, also, to furnish the names of both parents and the Continued on Page 31

# DGDEN'S CUT PLUG 

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| THE | GRAIN | GROWERS' | GUIDE | IS | READ | BY | MORE | THAN | 75,000 | PROSPECTIVE | BUYERS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## LIVESTOCK-Various

HORSES AND PONIES

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ONLIV ONE HOLSTEIN HEIFER, TO FRESHEN
Soon, coming three, a good one. Box 104 , Watrous, soon, coming three, a good one. Box 104, Watrous,
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Yorkshires
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 DOGS, FOXES AND PET STOCK WANTED-FOXHOUND TRAINED ON




GREYHOUND PUPS, THE LARGE KIND:




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ono
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 PEDDGREED NEWFOUNDLAND PUPPIES
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alt
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CAke, Alla.
CANARIES. DIRECT EROM BREEDER. F. W. POULTRY-Various


Leghorns
LEGHORNS-WHITE. GUILD'S BEST STRAIN
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## Advertise Pigs, Sheep and Milch Cows-Now!

Everything is a little later than usual this year, but this advice should eatch you
just right. You can't beat October to sell Fall Pigs and Sheep. And ready sales just be made of Fall Freshening Cows for those who advertise in The Guide early Mr. MeGill says, in the following testimonial which we only received on September
22,1924 . "that Guide readers only write when they intend to buy" -but read
it yourself.


## We did it for him-We can do it for you

 Thousands of our farmer advertisers tell us that little Guide ads bring sales.If you want to take the short-cut to quick results and early sales The Guide

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

WINNIPEG, MAN
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## Farm Lands Wanted

 LIKE TO HEAR OF GOOD CANADIAN FARM WANTED-TO HEAR FROM OWNNER OF LAND
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FLOWERING BULBS-DIRECT IMPORT:
$\qquad$
COAL
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coass For prices write Mel
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Coll
CLEAN COAL-WRRITE FOR PRICES AN
tritht rated direet to New waiker Mine, sberno
Als.


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DYERS AND CI JANERS
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RUMFORD DYERS

Brandon. Man. | solied, ret |
| :--- |
| expres. |
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$\frac{\text { expres. }}{\text { DUBOIS LIMITED. WINNIPEG. FEATHIS }}$ tancy dyelng, dry cleand
orders reelve prompt attention 276 Harsin
Stret.
 GENERAL MISCELLANEOUS



## MISCELLANEOUS

HAIR GOODS
 Hise shinive-

HOMEWORK MOMEWORK- WE REOUIRE PARTIES TO

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HONEY, SYRUP, ETC. PURE ONTARIO HONEY, 10. 30. $\mathbf{\text { OOP-POUND }}$




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## HOSPITALS

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 PITNER LIGHTING SYSTEMS-REPAIRS FOR LUMBER, FENCE POSTS. ETC. CORDWOOD, FENCE POSTS. WILLOW




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'When RemillingSenda OOMINION EXPRESS MONEY ORDER Jor Sale at C.P.R. STATIONS and
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| :---: |
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THE J. R. WATKINS CO have a number of good localltiee now open for
energetis and intelligent men to RETAIL energetio ${ }^{\text {and }}$ intelilgent man
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No punctures No blowouts Aero Cushon Tire
ARency, 359 Hargrave 8 . Winntpeg TOBACCO
CANADIAN LEAF TOBACCO, "REGAILAA
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AIN

## LIVE

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Wherence:
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The Consolidated Packers<br>point douglas, winnipeg

Which Shall Your Boy 7oin?
and as one enthusiast put it "are able to make themselves comfortable with 'The idea that scouting does not levelop a boy's spiritual life is incorrect, but in every case the extent to Which this is done depends upon how much emphasis the leader places on this phase of the program. A man who
has been in scouting for years emphasized the fact that "scouting teaches righteousness rather than religion, and encourages boys to attend their own
church regularly. When at camp daily prayer and weekly service form an
'Scouting gives the boy the fundamentals of good citizenship in his counnowhere, I believens on of God, for - leader get as close to the boys and inspire them, with the really good groups, the amount of spirituatity depends entirely upon the importance the

When a boy reaches the age of 17 or 18 , he becomes a Rover Scout. Any
boy living too far away to join a troop may apply to provincial headquarters for registration as a Lone Scout. This work as it links up boys in isolated districts and makes them feel a part of the great world-wide movemen
As an illustration of the way a large let me tell you about the Richard Troop. Their scoutmaster explained, 'our troop is drawn for the most part from
boys scattered over a large district. In fact the Fox patrol, of Richard village consists only of five boys-all the rest
are from the surrounding country. The Wolf patrol comprises nine boys, living some nine miles west and north. The
Lynx patrol is made up of six boys living to the south and west. The Owl patrol lies to the east, while the Beaver patrol includes boys from the central part and out-lying points. Each patrol during the week in its own district. Then on Saturiays the whole troop foregnthers, often at farms centrally located where the boys have been hospitably entertained.'
In many districts boys' and girls' clubs and school fairs are doing splen did work, particularly where the boys
have special hobbies. During the last have special hobbies. During the last
few years The Guide has devoted a good deal of space to their activities, so it is unnecessary to give details concerning their organization.
From this brief outline of the work done by a few organizations, it will be evident that all have one purpose in common-that of developing good
citizens. It would do you good to hear citizens. It would do you good to hear plished in many districts. Here is plished in many districts. Here is
some convincing evidence from leaders some convincing evidence from leaders about the noticeable difference in their boys now that they were away from
the pool-room, in work that is worth the pool-room, in work that is worth
while." "Since we organized there has been a greater interest in Sunday School, and more regular attendance at church. There is an earnest attempt on the part of some of the boys to live a four-fold life.
"When you get boys discussing right and wrong, and get them to take a definite stand it does a great deal more
good than merely telling them what is good than merely telling them what is boys, some of whom were regular 'rough-necks,' but through scouting I'm glad to say they have turned out fin fellows. The police told me recently
that they considered it a great benefit

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from their standpoint, because some of the worst offenders no longer have to be 'run in' periodically.' Surely this "On of the finest type.
On joining the group some of the lads would not answer a question, and It was very gratifying to see one such boy take the leading to see one such boy take the leading part in a play. Others are now willing to take part in debates.' After one of the camps a
lad described his feelings thus, " I never laughed so much in my life, and I never had so many serious thoughts.'
If there were more space I could give many other instances of how boys are being made useful citizens by various organizations. I want, however, to emphasize the importance of having the right kind of leaders, for a group without a suitable person in charge is
like a ship minus its rudder. Boys have heaps of enthusiasm and superfluous energy, but need direction if benefit is to be derived from their associafions. On asking leaders for the secret of success this is what I was told. "The whole art of leading boys is to be a boy yourself.' -and this man has drawn over 70 lads to him. This opinion is interesting-" A leader must have great faith in the possibilities of boy material, and must have patience, forbearance and a close friendship with Christ. He should be able to mend baseball mitts and balls, and to eat bacon off the end of a stick, and to swim and laugh with the boys." . . "The boys must do things for themselves, The mentor who does everything for The mentor who does everything for
them instead of letting them learn by experience is bound to fail.", learn by

Many splendid citizens hold back from offering their services, because they lack experience. In order to en courage them let me say that large numbers of men who are doing great work among boys today, were never connected with any group before. Help can always be obtained from head offices as the leaders there are familiar with the problems in rural districts and are ever ready with assistance.
As a general rule men-farmers, doc
others wishing to serve the community -make the best leaders for boys. For Wolf Cubs or very young lads, women are doing excellent work, but as a rule the leader of boys should be a man whom they can respect in every way. With a variety of organizations from which to choose, it should not be a difficult job to select one that suits local conditions. Before making a decision it is wise to study the literature issued by the head office of each group in order to understand how to carry out the program successfully.

Mrs. W. S. Crerar, Dead
The death occurred on October 2, of

Mrs. W. S. Crerar, mother
Man. Sherar, at her home
Mas 78 years had been ill for several
was stricken
West with her husban
1882, when the Crerar
established at Silvert
Man. Her husband
The deceased is su
Hon. T. A. Crer
Silverton, Man.; Edgar
Sask.; her daughter,
in-law, Mrs. Will Crer

## The Farmers' Market

WHEAT-On one of the most sensational grain marketing sessions crop wheat reached a new high today, when October delivery sold at $\$ 1$
was traded in around the top figures, the price jumping are was traded in around the top figures, the price jumping around a cen
closing today at 7ic lower than the high point. The most unfavorable
prevailing throughout the West was the primary cause of the advane prevailing throughout the West was the primary
have been decidedly bullish for some time, and
quantities from here, has been taken from the U.S. in large quantities, apparently have protected themselves by buying
sentiment has been much one-sided, and withou Europe and Great Britain, where crops are poor, These conditions, however, are now discounted
from the fact that the general public seem to
buying wheat futures, there is nothing really
buying wheat futures, there is nothing really very bearish in affected
considerably on whether or not old man winter stays considerably on whether or not old man winte
grain threshed in reasonably good condition.
scoring sharp advances. There
marketed almost as soon as loaded or
crop has undoubtedly helped the price.

## Sept. 29 to OinNIPEG FUTURES

$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Sept. } 29 & \text { to Oct. 4, inclusive. } \\ 29 & 30 & \text { Oct. } 1 & 2 & \text { 4 eek Year }\end{array}$


| Oct. | 70 | 61 | 64 | 68 | 67 | 692 | 60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct | $42 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. | 57 | 58 | 61 | 65 | 65 | 67 | 59 |
| Mayy | $60 \frac{1}{2}$ | 61 | 63 | 68 | $67 \frac{1}{2}$ | 692 | 60 |
| Barley- |  | 43 |  |  |  |  |  |






## LIVERPOOL PRICES

The Liverpool market closed October 3 . 11 do December, 3 Id higher, at 12 s 82 d per 100 pounds. Exchange, Canadian funds, quoted 8c higher at $84.44 \%$. Worked out into bushels and Canadian currency, the Liverpool close was: October $\$ 1.724$;
December, $\$ 1.698$.

## CALGARY LIVESTOOK

Receipts at the yards october 3, totalled sheep. Butcher steers, 292 hogs, and 743 mon, $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 3.25$. Cows, choice, $\$ 2.65$ Feeder steers, fair to good, $\$ 2.75$ to $\$ 3.85$. Stocker steers, good, 83.25. Hogs, thick smooths, $\$ 8.50$; select bacon, \$9.35.

## EaQs AND POULTRY

WINNIPEG-Eggs: Market unchanged. extras 33 c , flrsts 29 c , seconds 24 c to to 25 c , Jobbing extras 38 c , to 40 c , firsts 35 c , seconds 28 c . Retailing extras 45 c to 50 c , firsts 40 c , seconds 32c. Poultry: Live chickens 18 c , fowl 8 c to 15 c , ducks 11 c ,
turkeys 14 c . Dressed chickens 25 c to 28 c , fowl 20 c , ducks 20 c chickens 25 c to 28 c
REGINA, SASKATOON AND MOOSE JAW Coggs: Market firm. Dealers quoting country shippers, delivered, extras 33 c to 35 c, firsts 29 c to 32 c, seconds 24 c to 25 c .
Jobbing extras 38 c to 40 c , frsts
 40 c ; seconds 32c. Poultry: Live chickens 12 c to 16 c , fowl 10 c to 12 c , ducks 10 c , turkeys 14 c . Dressed chickens 18 c to 25 c . rowl 14 c to 20 c .
quoting country shippers 32 c , firsts 30 c , sheconds 20 c . Jobbing extras $\$ 11.50$ per case, firsts $\$ 10.40$ per case, seconds $\$ 8.40$ per case. Poultry:
Unchanged.

Cash Prices at Fort Wil

| Cash Prices at Fort William and Port Arthur Sept. 29 to Oct. 4, inclusive |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ate | $2 \mathrm{CW} 3{ }^{\text {cw }}$ |  | OATS | 1 Fd | 2 Fd | 3 CW | ${ }_{4}^{\text {BAR }}$ | LEY. | Fd | 1 NW |  |  | 115 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sep | ${ }_{61}^{60}$ |  |  | 58 <br> 58 | 57 |  | 884 |  | 84 <br> 90 |  | ${ }_{240}^{2281}$ | ${ }_{224}^{24}$ | $\xrightarrow{18}$ | 12 |
| Oet. 1 | 64 | 61 | 61 | 59 | 58 | ${ }^{96}$ | ${ }_{91}^{92}$ | 891 | 88 | ${ }_{2}^{240}$ | ${ }_{236}^{23}$ | 205 | 1iv |
|  | ${ }_{67}^{65}$ | -65 | 64, 6 | ${ }_{62}^{63}$ | 61 60 60 | 974. | ${ }_{89}^{93}$ | ${ }_{85}^{92}$ | 89 <br> 84 | ${ }_{235}^{250}$ | 231 | 200 | 13 |
|  | ${ }^{69} 9$ | ${ }^{66}{ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{661}$ | 64 | 62 | ${ }_{99}^{94}$ | ${ }_{94} 9$ | 90 | ${ }_{89} 8$ | ${ }^{290}$ | 2154 | isid |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Weark }}$ Yeek Ago | ${ }_{44} 6$ | ${ }^{581}$ | ${ }_{41}^{581}$ | 54 39 39 | 551 | 89 | 87 49 | 84 | 83 |  | 215 |  |  |


ostablished by eredible y Mr. Burnville, who保 Wiss $W$ from our
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ 1 -it is established, git in 1895. There is inright the decedent of any child of that of any evidence tha the daughte situation, I may sa
und it very embarrassing,'
le had a spasm of coughing, and riped his beaked nose with his handLaura Winright waited Her heart hole soul was intent 1 smiling. she urged kindly
$\qquad$ and, Miss Winright new; the late Mrs -in short, Thomas looked miserable. t situation. Might elsewhere? It was
At this point we disMarch, 1895, Adam lent, took as a foster Gowan. She appears ven formally adopted, him on probation Children's Aid, in then was. It is not , Miss WinrightIl call you Miss Win
er coughing spell h. Miss Winright, uld not understan. high disdain of this Thomas Winright is legatee of the entire inright, the decedent , not even formally sence of testamentary not share-
in Tom Winright long agony, "that willed you, Laurie, lamed cent. But he this peculiar legal fear you'll under mistaken, Laura. s just the same.' -ahem!-it is im sed the lawyer, gravecan't be done. The $t$ must be administer ahem!-it is a pain to say, I do assure law positively shuts share, Miss Winright

Tom rose and gripped her hand the leave to tell you that you're mis
taken. Whatever is mine, is laura's, as long as the sun shimes on us both." Wialization was coming slowly. Adam Winright was not her father. Adam
Winright could not be her father What the old records at the Winright
store had vaguely hinted, what the ver
Mam Wiarigh
cross the years, beyond the grave, she held her on his knee. As for the money, it did not matter its vanishing mattered now. These many days it had lain a burden on her
soul. She rose, with a shar, mesture soul. She rose, with a sharp, gesture "No, Tom,' she said, simply, ' if it

Laura! I say Laura!
I'm not sorry, Tom
I'm glad! It's a burden lifted from itiog glad to le free Thank you. Thank you, both No, no. It's all right. I can make在 I'll go right awny. "This very night, Tom. That is all Mr. Airth Then good-bye, and thank she went out, leaving them staring.
te remembered, as she came in he sunlight of the lawn, that othe and she had gone racing down to the liff edge, joying in the breaking $r$ chains.
the laughed to the sunlight. Then fith a keen ear, she caught a familiar ound that she had not heard for days It came from the garage, the familiar She ran across the lawn to the lattice Niek Ross glanced up as she entered. He was on hands and knees, dusty and greasy, unwiring the model phonete scope from the wo
brought downstairs.

Laura Winright! I almost forgot he be-all and end all of $m y$ existence the famous hoss phonetescope, desfined to put the photoplay business where it belongs and to revolutionize

## He grinned.

hovering bird. 'Just guess what's happened?
"I couldn't in a thousand years But you look perfectly radiant. It must be good. Did you find a nickel?
"Better than that.' Her exuber "e echoed his. "I lost a fortune.' waited, with a sudden sinking of the heart. Might he be, after all, merely the fortune hunter he had pietured him self! All her new-found world of hap piness hung trembling in the balance "Than' God!'" he exclaimed Laura?'
His tone held a question. His arms asped her. Ilis lips met hers.
'I aura?' he repeated.
laughing, she pushed him away Now, must go over to the house into the world and earn my living like any other poor working girl. But I'll see you often.

Always.
She frowned; then yughed away the frown.

## '"Just look!', she gxelaimed. "Look

 what you've done thmy white waist what I'm a working giri and every thing's so high, must betcareful of my white waists. Ugh!,She ran gaily across the lawn to Casile Sunset. Nick's happy laugh pur suing her. Her eyes fell on the French windows of th Gho
lithe figure st Fened.

There was one thing still left her do here. Sho had to fill the mar who had killed dam. Winright-Adan Winright, who had been her father


## You Can Have Good Health

By Following Nature's Own Laws
 el-ments
deficiency method of the only trus and natura
berve
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ or narcotics. Nature in hore vast store
Nature has provided her
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buidding and preserving tle health of tiom human system. These vitalizing elements
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$\qquad$ $21 \%$ Iron and $20 \%$ sulphur, the two sent by mail anywhere on receipt of \$1.25 , MNG'S MINEPAL REMEDIES LTD 33 Richmond St., West, Toronto, Ont


## The NEW harar of theHOME/

IN this day when the mad rush for pleasure tends to scatter families - when the home is in danger of losing its sacred meaning and of becoming a place where we can go when there is nowhere else to go-a new influence has come into the lives of the people, an influence that will make the home once more a place where the desire for pleasure and tertainment may be fully gratified.

## This influence is Radio.

Radio came suddenly a marvellous, scientific discovery - a thing to fire the imagination of the youth of the country and to engage thousands upon thousands of boys in an occupation that not only taxes their ingenuity, satisfied their desire to make something, and at the same time held for them all the romance they longed for.
Now, Radio has passed THAT stage.
Without losing its romance it has been so perfected that it has become the new and unfailing source of entertainment.
It is truly. The New Heart of the Home.
There is still a thrill to be got from "tuning in" the message that comes from a thousand or fifteen hundred miles away, but
of the day, the wonderful life that fills the air, and that is brought to us by Radio.
Radio sets are so simple to operate-and in a way simple to make - but the real enjoyment of a fine instrument cannot be got from the ordinary home-made set. The Northern Electric Company makes instruments that reproduce sound with all its truth and beauty as though it were in the same room with you. From their sets come the full tone and quality and the loveliest music. Remember, the Northern Electric Company has specialized in making instruments for the reproduction of sound. They have made over 900,000 telephones, practically all the telephones made in Canada; the knowledge that they gained in this business is responsible for the remarkable
perfections of their Radio broadcastin; and receiving sets.

In buying a set for your home an instrument that will take such an important place in your daily life-you will surely want the bencfit of the knowledge that Northern Electric inventors and engineers have brought to bear on Radio. Even if you are not ready to buy-if you are merely interested in knowing more about this great new source of pleasure and education-our engineers will be glad to supply you with information, answer your questions, and offer advice on any suggestions pertaining to Radio. Their services are placed at your command free of charges. Write to them, and you will receive prompt and courteous replies.


Excerpts from letters received by Broadcasting Station CHYC, which is owned and operated by the Northern Electric Company Limited, Montreal

A few nights previous we heard the
Band of the New England Regiment
from Borton, ond it was very mod Band of the New England Regiment
from Boston. and it was very good,
but Sergeant Major Jackson's Band was a half a dozen leaps shead of it in
every respect. We, in Halifax and Der every respect. We, in Halifax and Dart.
mouth, have been educsted to good Band mouth, have been educsted to good Band
Music by the famous R.C.R.'s, but it is a good thing to hear a high class Band again. The reception of this music was
absolutely perfect, with no trace of fading. absolutely perfect, with no trace of fading.
and it came in very strong. F. D. C., Dart
thanks an
I think you will be interested to know that last evenin ember 19th, we enjoyed your concert, which came in air clearer and better than any one of 17 stations in th
and it, was with real regret that we heard you sa) Night" late in the evening.
A. H. M., Boston.

Last night at home, while calibrating a set, I picked you
mitting the music from the Windsor Hotel, and I cann mitting the music from the Windsor thote, a at this poi near perfect as ever I had heard. Of course, I reslize was given by real artists; BU was wonderful. Thanking mitter. for the modulation was wonderful. Yankin
the pleasure you gave me, I gladly advise you that : topped 152 other stations.

I have been requested by the users of Northern Electri
this locality, to express to you the appreciation of you in broadcasting the most eloquent sppeech of the Hom Lloyd George. from the Arena in the City of Montren
We were enabled to hear every word as distin tly, and more so, as if we were in the building. Thanking you,
W. H. G., Hawkesbury
the real pleasure of Radio and the thing that draws whole families night after night to the little magic mahogany box is the love for the wonderful music, the band concerts, the elections, the news

Write to any one of these branches or to the Radio Engineering Department, Montreal.


[^0]:    Gramophones and Records
    In the gramophone manager said the sam. tions in heat and col owners of talking mac them fairly in this on to say, need oiling and greasi A loud thud indicates require oil require too tishty for of breaking a spring.
    .'some people, with omy, use steel needles but this is really extrat the record should. Needles are records, which should properly cared for. ducer is carelessly small hole may be mat the music. slading prevents this. Feoply records should keep albums or in envelo board which cost ver made at home. The: factory than paper a protection agains rubbing.
    "Occasionally a
    when a high note
    which indicates that
    needs attention.
    require tightening
    rubber needs reney
    dry and hard.
    should really be looked

